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California R. R. Co

Sunday, Aug 19 1877 at
4 o clock Noon
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)
As follows
D AND ROSEBURG
ARRIVE
A M | Roseburg 00 P M
A. M | Portland 11 P M
EXPRESS TRAIN
(EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows
ARRIVE
P M | Albany 8 15 P M
A. M | Portland 10 05 A M
IGHT TRAINS
T SUNDAYS AS FOLLOWS
ARRIVE
5 A M | Junction 5 00 P M
5 A. M | Portland 5 45 P M
California Pacific Railroad Ferry make
ll Regular Trains
ns are made at ROSEBURG with
regon and California Stage Com
ale to all the principal points in
East, at Company s Office,
nt Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND
charged on freight remaining in
hours.
be received for shipment after 5
J. BRANDT Jr Gen l Supt
l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Pacific Railroad.
CIFIC DIVISION
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AND
A TO WILKESON,
(Coal Mines)
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SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
ARRIVE
A. M. Tacoma 5 01 P M
A. M Kalama 12 30 P M
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P M. Tacoma 5 50 P M
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Steilacoom Olympia and all
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with Stage for Steilacoom
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estminster and Fraser River
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at the Office of the O S N Co.
on, to Victoria and Seattle, and
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cured, or no charge
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train of morbid symptoms, unless
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in the ears, noise like the rustling
ling of chariots, uneasiness about
ss of the limbs, confused vision,
loss of confidence, diffidence in
ngers, a dislike to form new ac-
quaintance to shun society, loss of
pimples and various erup-
face, furred tongue, fetid breath,
ion, night sweats, monomania and
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of time the disease has continued,
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THE UNION

VOL. XVIII.—NO. 11 PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1878. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN

Murder.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 18.—A murder was committed at Stanton county Nebraska Saturday night, August Sprich being killed by two brothers named Rustmeyer Sprich was spending the evening with the Rustmeyers playing cards. A dispute arose when Sprich invited Rustmeyer out of doors and gave him a whipping, and then started for home and was soon afterwards found with his skull fractured and died in a few hours The Rustmeyer brothers were arrested for the crime

Military Change

A change in the command of the military department of Arizona has been ordered Gen A. V Kautz, present commander will be relieved by Gen. O. B Wilcox, colonel of the 12th infantry, whose regiment will take the place of the 8th infantry now in Arizona, and who will go to California

New York Fire.

NEW YORK, Feb 17.—The regimental flags of the 8th regiment were saved, but all the rest of their property including 800 stand of arms were destroyed. The Twenty-third street Presbyterian church was valued at $0,000, and with its contents was insured for $45,000. The Covenanters' church cost $30,000; insured for $16,000 The Excelsior block has been regarded as a dangerous building, and surrounding property owners have had to pay extra rate of insurance on account of its proximity. It is impossible this evening to ascertain the amount of losses of tenants

A Positive Denial.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The story of the postponement of the Paris exhibition in case of war and destruction of the ship supply is authoritively contradicted

Work Resumed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Operations were resumed in the Lehigh coal region to day and will continue for another week, when another suspension takes place

Requiem Masses.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Requiem masses for the late pope were celebrated to day at a number of Catholic churches.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Very imposing funeral ceremonies in honor of the late Pope Pius IX took place at the Italian church of Santa Marie, Magdalene Di Passi, to day

WASHINGTON CITY.

Brazil Postal Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb 18 — Representative Waddell, chairman of the house committee on postoffices, to-day appeared before the senate postoffice committee and read his reports accompanying the bill adopted by the house committee to provide for two ocean mail steamship lines between the United States and Brazil The bill will be submitted to the house on the first opportunity.

Appointments Confirmed.

The senate confirmed the following A. V. Dockery, of North Carolina, U. S consul for Leeds; John Q Smith of Ohio, consul general of the United States at Montreal, R J Spooner, U. S. marshal for Indiana. Collectors of customs—John S. Collins, district of Brunswick, Ga; Wm H Sargent, Castine, Maine; Noel B. Nutt, Passamaquoddy, Maine Indian agent—Samuel A. Eldy, of Philadelphia, Pawnee agency, A B. Hunt, of Kentucky, Kiowa agency.

Postal Bill.

The house committee on postoffices and postroads to day agreed to report a bill in favor of establishing a steamship mail line from Galveston, Texas to Vera Cruz

New Orleans Mint

The bill introduced by Senator Eustis to-day proposes to appropriate $60,000, available immediately, for the co operative mint and assay office at New Orleans.

Law of Transportation.

WASHINGTON, Feb 18—The supreme court to-day decided that a railroad company having contracted to forward cattle is responsible for their transportation over the whole route as well on the tracks of other companies as upon its own, that a railroad company, unless forbidden to do so by their charters, have power to contract for shipments the entire distance freight is to be carried over connecting lines, affirmed

What will be Done if we are Invited?

The government has not received any invitation to send a representative to the congress at Baden Baden. The propriety of accepting such invitation when received will be the subject of a cabinet discussion and it will be treated with all the importance it deserves.

ATLANTIC CABLE.

German Intervention.

LONDON, Feb. 18—Conflicting definitions are given of the reason and character of German intervention which seems to have tided over the recent crisis.

Explorers' Death.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 18—An official telegram from Zanzibar announces the death there of Mm. Maes and Crespel, who were sent by the King of Belgians, to explore the interior of Africa.

CHOLERA.

FEARS THAT THE DREAD DISEASE WILL SPREAD BEYOND ASIA.

[From the Lancet (London Eng.)]

Cholera is reported to have broken out at Jeddah and Mecca. The news has not yet been confirmed, but unfortunately there is great probability of its accuracy. Since 1875 epidemiologists in this country have had an uneasy feeling that we were about to witness another diffusion of the malady beyond the boundaries of India. This feeling seemed to receive confirmation from the ascertained spread of the disease eastward into the districts of China, and probably also in parts of the eastern Archipelago, and northward into Beloochistan and Afghanistan to the frontier of Persia. Although no facts were known of extension to the countries westward, yet it was to be inferred that what had been observed to the north and east of India might also be taking place at the west, and the recent carriage of the disease by a French transport from Saigon into the Red Sea gave some countenance to this view This happened when the tide of the Mecca pilgrimage flowing from India and the eastern Archipelago was in full flow Hence there is a great probability that the reported appearance of cholera at Mecca and its seaport, Jeddah, will prove correct Europe should stand in respect for this threatened calamity in a different position from that in which it has ever stood before under a similar prospect. The International Sanitary Conference, which sat at Vienna in 1874 came to a common understanding as to the principles of international hygiene which should govern the different nations of Europe in view of another threatened epidemic of cholera It is incumbent upon the various European governments to adopt these principles loyally and carry them out These principles while specially calculated to avert or greatly modify the vexations and futile practices of quarantine, set forth clearly the conditions as tested by experience which would afford the greatest protection against the introduction of the pestilence into a country from without. That it would be possible to exclude the disease wholly from Europe by any means of quarantine when it becomes endemically diffused is the merest figment of the imagination Measures to prevent the needless introduction of cases into a country have their value but the only true protection rests in internal measures of prevention

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A woman in West Winsted Connecticut has lost two brothers by murder, and one by drowning, a brother in law by wounds in battle a husband by a stroke of apoplexy and a son in the recent railroad disaster at Tariffville

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

The German Emperor Intervenes and Tides over the Crisis.

The Bismarckian Policy Defined England must help Herself

Or is to Seize the Turkish Fleet

BERLIN, Feb 17.—Journals here opposed to the policy of Austria state that Admiral Hornby has been ordered to seize the Turkish fleet if necessary to prevent its surrender to Russia

Kaiser William as Peacemaker

LONDON, Feb 18.—A Paris correspondent telegraphs intelligence received there that on Tuesday Bismarck will be able to announce that owing to Emperor William's friendly intervention Russia has resolved to maintain an attitude which cannot imperil the peaceful solution of existing difficulties According to the latest information England and Russia will maintain their respective military and naval positions during the session of the congress No other power will enter the Dardanelles lest it should increase the complications

Russians Retire a Little.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb 18.—Russians have withdrawn from the Sat Idie redoubt of the Constantinople line of defences occupied on Friday Orders to the Russian troops are not to cross the lines of demarcation fixed by the armistice

A Move in the House of Lords.

LONDON, Feb 18.—In the house of lords to night Lords Stratheden and Campbell will move that "In the opinion of this house the terms of the armistice between Russia and the porte are such as to justify her majesty's government in taking every precaution to discourage encroachment by which treaties of 1856 and 1871 are unfortunately threatened

English Mobilization.

Some officers at Aldershott have been semi officially notified that the second army corps will be mobilized at an early date

The Proposed Congress.

Frankfort on Main is conspicuously mentioned as the place for holding the congress but Baden Baden is likely to be selected Austria lays great stress on the congress assembling as soon as possible as the surest means to prevent further complications A public meeting of working men in London on the question is fixed for Thursday

Putting Trust in Princes

ST PETERSBURG, Feb. 18.—There is the greatest disappointment here because the people expected the moral support of Germany, whereas now they hear the emperor of Germany in his speech from the throne referred to the programme of a Constantinople conference as the basis for settlement

Bismarck's Object in Intervening.

LONDON, Feb 18.—A correspondent says Russia eagerly deferred to Prince Bismarck's view when the latter at Austria's solicitation intimated to Prince Gortschakoff that he was straining the situation beyond reasonable bounds A rupture between Austria and Russia was imminent a week ago, and in place of the kaiserbund an Anglo Austrian combination was on the point of being established It suited Prince Bismarck to a certain extent, that Austria or Russia should be at variance, but it was altogether contrary to his calculations that Austria should form a separate alliance with England, and had he not been appealed to in time he would have expressed himself before the German parliament in tones that would have made matters perfectly clear for all parties There are still wide divergencies between Russia and Austria Prince Bismarck will complete the reconciliation at the conference. England must look to herself She has interests at stake which she will certainly be called upon to defend There is no statesman on the continent outside of those directly concerned that does not admit the chief object of the triple alliance to be the annihilation of British influence abroad

A Berlin dispatch apparently confirms a portion of the foregoing It is said it is doubtful if Prince Bismarck will make a full expression of his eastern policy as was expected in reply to interpellation of the reichstag on Tuesday. He will possibly be more inclined to explain his views confidentially at one of his parliamentary soirees

Beaconsfield, Layard and Server Pasha.

LONDON Feb 18—In the house of lords this afternoon Derby read a telegram from Layard denying for himself and Server Pasha the statement made some days ago that Server Pasha declared that Turkey had been misled and encouraged to fight by the promise of English support particularly by Beaconsfield and Layard The movement of the fleet to Mondina bay was not due to any negotiations, that no progress had been made in the matter of assembling the conference.

Home from the Wars.

ST. PETERSBURG Feb 18—The Czarovitch and Grand Duke Vladimir have arrived

TWO STANDARDS IMPOSSIBLE

L. A. Garnett recently, in giving his views on the financial measures in congress, before the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, made some statements of facts that show him to have a vastly better understanding of the silver question than the majority of congressmen and senators He said

If we have silver in circulation it will only be by the expulsion of gold The financial history of nations for two hundred years shows that two standards cannot be maintained. This idea is founded on an accumulation of error which is producing a stagnation among the industries From the condensed reports of the silver commission there seems to be the impression that the stagnation in trade is attributable to the diminished supply of precious metal as money since about 1865 Now the facts of the case are the very reverse of this England for five years ending 1865 had a net import over her exports of £5 000 000 per annum and from 1865 to 1876 her net imports over her exports were £11 000 000 France had an excess of $8 000 000 imports for the years ending 1865 and $54 000 000 for the period ending 1876 In 1865 the bank reserve in France was $84,000 000, in 1876 $360 000 000 In Germany it was in 1865 $65 000 000 and in 1876 $450 000 000 The Bank of St. Petersburg had in reserve in 1865 $44 000 000 and in 1876 $190 000 000 The reserve of the Bank of England and Ireland was $450,000 000 in 1865, and $510 000 000 in 1876 So looking at the great financial centers of the world, the accumulation of money reached within a period when we have supposed there was a limited circulation an amount unexampled It would be a huge error to undertake to fix the weight of silver equal to the market value of gold On the Pacific coast merchants as heretofore, will take care of themselves The result will be that the amount of silver coin will be so limited in our circulations that the laboring—the hard handed sons of toil—can be victimized by these silver coins Silver will be so much curtailed that it will drop to its face value The efforts therefore to make silver an equal instead of a subsidiary coin will affect us On the contrary it will bring upon us the surplus stock of other nations and in a year we shall have a stock accumulated in excess of the coinage capacity of all our mints Whilst it might for a time stimulate the production of silver it would very soon check it His idea was to hold a monetary convention of all nations to fix the rates of values and the amount of usage by limiting the quantity governments should coin It was in his opinion impossible for one government to fix the values or amounts of metals as money

The Wily Indian

[From the Austin Reveille]

Bill [illegible] Indian [illegible] knew how to make stamped cards [illegible] wicked knowledge [illegible] newspaper [illegible] However we asked him the object of his question and he explained that he wanted to get some [illegible] cards for [illegible] taken by the banks "And what [illegible]" [illegible] every little son of a gun in Austin [illegible] Indian did not use the word [illegible] printed but we substitute [illegible] really did use as a figure of speech as it [illegible] Johnny speaks English plainly and has acquired to its full extent the white man's facility of forcible expression

A SENATOR'S COURAGE

LAMAR OF MISSISSIPPI ON THE SILVER [illegible]

Senator Lamar of Mississippi was brave enough in pursuance of his views of duty to vote against the silver bill notwithstanding the legislature of his state had assumed to instruct him not to do so Courage of this quality is a very rare thing in a public man of these times In an elaborate speech Mr Lamar supported his views giving unanswerable reasons for his vote We present some extracts

It is said that all this prostration of business and industry this destruction of property is due to the scarcity of money growing out of the policy of contraction, that remonetization will supply the deficiency and restore prosperity

Let it be conceded for argument sake and I concede it only for argument sake that the scarcity of money is the cause of all the financial distress the people of the United States are now suffering Before any one is authorized to promise or anticipate that the remonetization of silver will increase the volume of the currency and thus relieve the people from the evils of scarcity of money he should show that it is the absence of silver at this time from the channels of circulation as the effect of demonetization, which causes this scarcity If it can be shown that but for the absence of silver from our circulation money would have been abundant instead of scarce, a very rational foundation is laid for the hope that remonetization will bring us the promised relief Unfortunately facts show the reverse to be true

The advocates of this measure have, in order to show what an insufficient supply of money exists in the United States cited the fact of the great disparity between this and other countries in respect of the proportion of money to population, England having, as it is stated (not with entire accuracy but let that pass) from $27 to $30 per capita France $41 per capita Germany $21 per capita while the United States has something under $20 per capita Now sir, it is a remarkable circumstance that the very nations which are cited as having a more plentiful volume of money are the very nations which have demonetized silver It is true, sir that these three nations, two of which have demonetized silver and the third stopped the coinage of it have in proportion to population a larger volume of money than we have But that fact proves, if it proves anything, that demonetization of silver does not cause a scarcity of money It shows that the absence of silver and scarcity of money are not necessarily a coexistent phenomena

But there are other facts in this connection which still more positively negative the presumption that remonetization on the plan now proposed will augment our quantity of money. We have had given to us by a senator a table of nations in which silver is the sole legal tender, and of those in which gold is the sole currency, and of those in which both gold and silver are legal tender

In the list of those having silver money alone Austria comes first. There silver and paper are legal tender. Surely, if unlimited legal tender of silver is all that is wanted to insure abundance of money, then Austria ought to have that abundance. But in point of fact how does Austria stand in the proportion of population to money? Below England below Germany, below the United States. Why is this? Austria is a silver nation I do not mean that it has got silver mines but it has silver coinage and unlimited legal tender of silver, and the mines of Nevada and the thalers of Germany could flow there, if something else did not prevent their going and yet with silver coinage and an unlimited legal tender of silver Austria has only $15 to the head, or as some authorities put it, $17 It seems to me that if silver coinage and silver legal tender are only necessary to have an overflow of silver into a country Austria would be that country, and her poet might exclaim

> If there is wealth to be found in the world
> A heart that loves silver might look for it here

For she has got the very law you propose and yet the silver does not flow there And Russia that great colossal despotism which is extending its conquests almost into the heart of Europe, and threatens to be to some extent its arbiter—Russia is also a silver country Her metallic currency, according to the most trustworthy authorities that I have been able to consult is like that of Austria exclusively silver and some baser metals and yet in that country of silver coinage and legal tender the proportion of money to population is only $12 *per capita* It is apparent from these facts that while there may be an abundance of money where silver money is abolished, so there may be likewise a great scarcity of it where silver is recognized and used as the exclusive metallic basis of circulation

The policy of resumption has been entered upon To go back will simply involve us in more evils than those which it has brought upon us From various circumstances many things point to a speedy resumption of specie payments, whether anybody wants it or not Gold was quoted a short time since as low as 102 Everything points to a speedy equality between the values of gold and greenbacks If nothing in our legislation prevents it I think that equality will come very soon It is manifest now that when gold and greenbacks are at par gold will cease to be a commodity and pass into the circulation All motive to hoard it or to make brokerage upon it or to speculate in it as a commodity will be taken away If this be the case it will at once increase the volume of available currency by the whole amount of gold in the country and I think that is put at $130 000 000 by some of the estimates Some say $180 000 000 and some $200,000 000 In spite of everything that is being done to prevent specie payments from being resumed the natural condition and effect of our business relations are bringing the two together When the greenback and the gold dollar are equal it does not necessarily follow that we resume specie payments or that we can maintain resumption, But that circumstance will immediately unlock the door of the stock of gold in this country and put it in circulation It will make it part of the currency of the country Suppose that just when we are so near the unlocking of the door which has kept gold out of the currency of the country for so long and just when we are in sight of it we by the passage of a silver bill, lock it up again We have not any silver currency in this country except subsidiary coin, altogether I believe it is less than $40,000,000 It will take many years for the government to coin a silver currency and put it in circulation The manufacture of silver coin I see it stated is a slow process the handling of silver coin is a slow process and the immediate effect would be to drive out this volume of gold already here and put in place of it the smaller volume of silver that would be available in a short time This would be a contraction of the currency sharper and more disastrous than anything that can be anticipated from the present condition of affairs

England has a greater debt than ours The interest she has to pay is only 3 per cent What is the cause of this low rate? Nothing, sir but the sentiment everywhere prevailing of confidence in the sensitive regard which that nation has for its public credit

In a few years our bonds will fall due We cannot expect to pay them We shall have [illegible] to settle the question if the policy of paying the bonds in a depreciated coin

LINCOLN AND DOUGLAS

AN [illegible] NICK DENTON [illegible] WORTHY [illegible] HONESTY AND THE LITTLE GIANT'S PREDICTION

[From the Davenport Iowa Gazette Jan 1]

For the last fifty years Mr Nixon Denton has been one of the most prominent men in Delaware county in this state His residence was in Manchester where he was popular as any citizen of a town can well become Nick Denton was everybody's friend and everybody was his friend He possessed a fine education was one of the noblest looking men in the state and was brilliant in mind He cared little for public honors—else he might have become a noted man in Iowa Mr Denton went to Texas a couple of weeks since with three or four carloads of blooded cattle in order to stock breeders in that state and met with an accident which caused his death His remains were brought to Manchester the other day and buried A resident of this city who knew Denton well has related us an anecdote which illustrates Nick's readiness at repartee and given us the detail of incidents which will be read with interest by every one who reveres the memory of Abraham Lincoln and every one who cherishes the memory of Stephen A. Douglas.

When the Illinois Central railroad was being built, "Nick Denton" was one of the civil engineers who made the surveys for it and superintended its construction After trains were running between the northern termini, Dunleith and Chicago to Cairo the civil engineers indulged in a banquet at a hotel in Centralia John Wyman—afterward Brig Gen Jack Wyman, who was killed at Vicksburg—was one of those engineers While the festivities were at their height Jack Wyman rose to propose a volunteer toast He raised his glass "Here's to the two Nicks Old Nick and Nick Denton!" The merriment was furious—the joke was on Denton The victim waited until quiet had been restored and then raised his glass "Here's to the two Jacks Jack Ass and Jack Wyman" It lasted Wyman till his career closed When in the army with his brigade he would get the recognition from a far distant voice "Here's to the two Jacks" in the tones of a prolonged hail

The Illinois Central was not fenced in that early day and cattle were frequently killed by the trains Much trouble with the owners of live stock ensued At last two cows belonging to a Methodist minister in the central part of the state were killed The company was sued for damages and the company resolved to make a test case of it The president of the Central directed Denton to take $500 in gold and go to Springfield and retain Abraham Lincoln for the company Denton was well acquainted with Lincoln He did as directed entered Mr Lincoln's office and told him the Illinois Central wished to retain him as counsel in that Methodist minister's cow case Mr Lincoln replied "I am sorry you didn't come yesterday, Nick for I have been retained by the preacher and his friends" Denton explained fully the importance of the case to the company and then, pulling two buckskin bags filled with gold out of his pockets he put them down on the table before the lawyer with a startling chink saying "Mr Lincoln the president of the company authorizes me to hand you this retainer of $500 to take our case" Mr Lincoln jumped to his feet flushed with anger over this apparent attempt to hire him to abandon his client and replied "Nick Denton I have given my promise to that preacher and his friends and the Illinois Central hasn't money enough to buy me away from his side I don't know that I shall ever get a dollar from him—but I'll do my best to make your company pay for those cows" Denton used to say that he never felt so mean and small in his life as he did at that moment And in 1860 though a Democrat, he used to say during the presidential campaign that Lincoln was the noblest man in America

In 1860 Douglas, Democratic candidate for president, made a speech in Dubuque. Denton who had been acquainted with Douglas for many years went to Cedar Rapids with a committee to accompany the senator to Dubuque On the way Denton and Douglas had a private talk together "Judge" said Denton "what do you think of the campaign—how is it coming out What is best for a young man to do who has a notion of getting into politics?" "Nick" replied Douglas "as things are now if I was a young man ambitious for political place I would support Lincoln He will be elected—and there'll be war The entire south will withdraw from the Union both sections will appeal to arms All the northern Democrats who support me will uphold Lincoln's Administration to save the Union No other course will be possible or even tolerated The slave holders will invite war and they'll get war till they are sick of it War will free the slaves there'll be devastation and ruin in the south"

Denton reported the conversation to some of his friends the evening of election day After the result of the election was known Denton was firm in his belief and didn't conceal it that war was at hand, when almost everybody else thought different and events proved that Mr Douglas was correct

DOES WHEAT TURN TO CHESS?

The Cincinnati *Gazette* gives a farmer's experience on this point, as follows

The advocates of the theory of transmutation of wheat to chess have presented a series of arguments based upon facts which are apparently forcible and convincing but which upon investigation will be found to possess the fatal defect of proving too much. Where is the farmer who has not found that after taking great pains to prepare a field for timothy securing the purest seed he could obtain and putting it in in the best manner in a year or two, instead of timothy he had only pure grass red top or white weed? Or having sown oats perhaps he would find his principal crop to be ragweed Now, no one would pretend to claim that timothy turns to red top, or blue grass or white weed, or that oats will turn to ragweed or Spanish needles and yet the very same arguments that would prove transmutation in the one case would do so in the other And the very same theory that would account for the latter would account for the former In fact the advantage would be on the side of the latter, as it is very seldom that a farmer sows the seed of such crops while on the other hand it is rarely the case that seed wheat is entirely free from chess owing to the fact that very few if any of the threshing machines or farming mills will take out all the cheat and but few farmers will take the pains to cleanse their seed thoroughly as it may be cleansed with a suitable screw

The fact is that chess like other weeds is either indigenous to the soil or has become naturalized and being much more hardy than wheat circumstances unfavorable to the growth of the latter do not affect the former and when the wheat is injured the chess has the better chance to flourish In my own experience of thirty five years as a farmer I have had all the difficulties of soil and season to contend with that others have had and yet can confidently assert that my wheat has never turned to chess

The Debt Mania of the Age

[From the Chicago Times February 2]

A curious statement illustrating the debt mania of the age and its disagreeable consequences has been published in Champaign county Ill The assessed value of real estate in the county is a fraction more than eleven millions and upon this are recorded mortgages for about six millions The interest on these is nearly six hundred thousand dollars and the taxes raise the annual burden to more than a million equivalent to [illegible] per cent on the whole taxable value of [illegible]

J Madison Wells [illegible]

They're standing right on the tail of the British lion, but he only growls as usual

AMERICANS IN PARIS

EXTRAVAGANT EXPENDITURES—PAYING DOUBLE [illegible] OF THE MYSTERIES

[From the London World]

A stranger arriving in Paris at this moment would find it hard to believe the reports concerning the bad times The streets are literally crammed with people the booths on the boulevards are crowded with purchasers, and the amount of money spent is enormous At the theaters the receipts are very large the fashionable restaurants are daily crowded and there can be no doubt that at present the people have no cause for grumbling Workmen of every craft have ample employment getting ready for the exhibition, and although the complaining of hard times seems in some instances to have become chronic if you wish to get any work done you are forced to wait a long time because the *fournisseurs* have all the orders they can fill I believe that since the settlement of the political crisis a vast number of strangers have poured into Paris hence the increased activity to be noticed on all sides There was a time when Paris was a cheap residence, now, however, prices range very high More especially is this noticeable in the way of furnished apartments, hired carriages, all manner of dress making and everything appertaining to the toilet of man and woman In a large measure this is due to the extravagance of Americans who will have the best of everything and give themselves away out of sheer ostentation, eagerly stating their willingness to pay any price so that they have something nice

The result has been the same in every part of Europe where Americans congregate We spend money too freely and our women are too extravagant in dress Even those who have no equipages will have just such toilets as Parisian ladies who possess the most elegant carriages Many American ladies will wear in the streets, trailing along the dirty pavement expensive dresses which a French lady only wears in a carriage or a *salon*. Of course I do not refer to those Americans who come here the Lord only knows from what part of the United States and who gather at the cheap boarding houses or feed at Mme Dijon's These people go to the other extreme, and are so mean as to attract attention, and to occasion comment

Why they travel is one of the mysteries. They are always unhappy always evince a readiness to detect and fight against extortion and pass their days in whinings and repinings Of course, I have no thought of charging upon these people the increased prices in European cities but upon those who, while traveling abroad can apparently never take things as they find them but must always ask for something better These people are the victims of the house agents the Paris shopkeepers and all the household of the horse leech who lie in wait for them and "do" them on all occasions The astute Parisian dealers have always something saved up for just such superior and difficult parties, and having once put up prices for them never let them come down again, but rely on finding more of the same kind of customers. There are shops here where they keep articles expressly for American buyers—no one else would be ridiculous enough to pay such prices

I have myself heard Paris shopkeepers say that certain most expensive and extravagant articles they never dispose of save to 'demi mondaines or to American ladies." I heard of an order given by one of our country women for a 10,000 franc pocket handkerchief, Of course there was nothing of the kind to be had. The shopkeeper explained this, and said the cost would be in the amount of work, and that it would take a number of years to execute the order I may add that it was given the lady being determined, she said, to have a pocket handkerchief such as even Queen Victoria could not show

I can fancy I can see the look of horror which would wrinkle the face of that thrifty and sensible queen at the mere thought of anybody's being such an idiot as to pay such a price for such an object. There is a carriage letter here—a Frenchman—who passed some years in California, made money there and coming back to Paris has set up in the above business with the view of securing only American customers He has done so, charges a third more than any one else, and always has his team let out He manages to get the name of doing the thing in style and so our poor, silly Americans go straightway unto him like lambs to the slaughter They know his prices are exorbitant but pay them because—well, because it is the thing, as they imagine to have a carriage from—I came near putting this enterprising mortal, but it would do him no sort of service He has as many fly gobbling customers now as he can serve, all paying largely more than is necessary, but all satisfied in doing the 'genteel thing" The man laughs as he dwells upon this penchant of Americans and says that they will go 'the whole bacon' if but persuaded that it is the biggest one to be found

In Dresden Geneva Rome Florence, Venice, everywhere where Americans flock, they have in the same manner put up the same prices Having as a rule set apart plenty of money to spend in Europe and but little time to spend it in, they 'hang the expense.' When they become residents in Europe they are more economical but the regular American tourist is the El Dorado of Continental rogues

Future of Samuel Bowles' Paper.

[From the Springfield Republican, Feb 14th]

A few words as to the future of the *Republican* seem appropriate to the occasion of its occupying its new building The interest of Samuel Bowles in the establishment, with his other property, was left by his will in the hands of two trustees—his son, Samuel Bowles, for some time business manager of the paper and Charles Allen of Boston—to be managed at their discretion for the benefit of the heirs The personnel of the editorial department will continue unchanged as Mr Bowles long since organized it for his occasional protracted absences and with especial view to the contingency of his death The friends of the paper will be glad to learn that the outlook for its future is most encouraging, the circulation of the daily for the month just past an average of 10,383 copies) kept even pace with the figures for January, 1877 while the weekly edition has considerably increased within the last few months. It will be the ambition of the *Republican* to justify this renewed and gratifying confidence of the public by continuing to print 'all the news and the truth about it" and it will be the first aim of all connected with it to verify the confident prediction of Samuel Bowles on his death bed I may die but the *Republican* will live

Mr. Lord's Good Reasons.

[From the New York Sun]

The reasons assigned by Mr Lord for his marriage are eminently sensible He believed it afforded the best means to assure comfort Wise man! He thus assured himself with one whom experience had proved more to be depended on than the average life assurance companies Who can gainsay his choice? He might well prefer to put his trust in one altogether lovely beautiful and highly accomplished whose fidelity and devotion as a wife had already been tested rather than in a son so unnatural as to threaten his own life and the lives of his children because he was vexed [illegible]

A Kentucky [illegible] rose to speak [illegible] the voice of the turtle shall be heard in the land Brother [illegible] one would not think there was much analogy [illegible] the noise he makes in plunging off the log into the water Hence we conclude that [illegible] is meant and the immersion will become universal

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Defaulting Duncan—A Lively Chase.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 18.—San Francisco bay this morning was the scene of an exceedingly lively chase Since the disappearance of J C Duncan manager of the defunct Pioneer Bank, every vessel leaving this port has been closely watched by the police authorities to prevent the escape of the defaulting banker For several days especial attention has been attracted to the schooner *E J McKinnon*, loading for Corinto, Central America. From information obtained it was considered that Duncan would be a passenger on her It was ascertained that she would probably sail this morning. Last night an officer was stationed on Folsom street wharf off which the schooner was lying with instructions to report any movement at once Capt Lees with a force of detectives, were stationed at Meiggs wharf with the steam yacht *Elaine* ready to intercept the *McKinnon* About 2 o'clock, A M a steam tug came alongside the schooner which a few moments after made sail and the officer at once notified Capt Lees The *Elaine* stood out toward the heads wishing to board the *McKinnon* just as she cleared land, when Duncan would certainly be on board, if at all It was found, however, that owing to the small size of the *Elaine*, and a heavy sea running, it would be impossible to effect the purpose in the open water, and the steamer was accordingly brought to under the north shore. In a few moments the *McKinnon* made her appearance under jib and mainsail The *Elaine* at once ran alongside and officers boarded her Careful search showed that Duncan was not on board His baggage however, was, his clothing marked with his name, photographs of members of his family and other effects belonging to him beyond any question There was also found the baggage of a son of John Middleton who evidently intended to be a fellow passenger with Duncan. The schooner was brought to anchor on a forty fathom bank and the *Elaine* took up her position under the north shore About 3 30 the steam tug *Redmond*, with all lights out, came stealing along towards the schooner The *Elaine* was at once headed for her and as her machinery works very noiselessly, she was enabled to get within a few feet of the *Redmond* before being discovered The captain of the *Elaine* ordered the *Redmond* to slow down. Instead he opened her out and shot forward like an arrow. The *Elaine* gave chase, but was no match for a large boat like the *Redmond* in rough water The latter headed for the city front at full speed the *Elaine* at her heels The *Redmond* ran into Mission street wharf and several persons were seen by those on board the *Elaine* to jump ashore and run up the wharf The *Elaine* ran in, officers landed and gave chase, but the fugitives made good their escape in the darkness. On returning to the wharf the *Redmond* was lying there quietly and officers swore she had not left the dock during the night. It has since been ascertained that Duncan has recently been concealed in Middleton's house on Ellis street near the Baldwin hotel, and a party of officers searched the house this evening but not a single inmate was found One of the neighbors remarked to Lees, "Why didn't you come round last night and then you would have caught him."

The Boss Agitators.

Kearney and Wellock arrived from San Jose this morning and were met at the train by about 1,500 workingmen and escorted up town

Workingmen's Demonstrations.

The usual meeting was held at the sand lots this afternoon, passing off without any incident of special importance About the time the meeting adjourned special officer Jones arrested a hoodlum on Mission street near Sixth for stoning a Chinaman At the corner of Market and Fifth he was met by a crowd of Kearney's audience, who, learning the facts in the case, ordered the officer to release the prisoner He of course refused, and one of the crowd forcibly dragged the prisoner from the officer The latter then seized the assailant, who resisted, and the officer struck him with his club, when the crowd closed around Jones with cries of hang him, kill him," etc. They finally overpowered him, took him down to the police station and preferred charges of battery against him As soon as the chief of police learned the facts in the case he released Jones on his own recognizance The parties to the affair will probably be arrested to morrow

Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 18—Henry Beck, a German, aged 24, killed himself at the house of A F Allen 205 Mission street, by cutting himself in the arm and bleeding to death He left a letter for a young woman with whom he was infatuated Deceased formerly kept a stall in Mission market

Great Rain Storm—High Water—Bridges Washed Away and other Damages.

SACRAMENTO Feb 17—News is that the California and Oregon railroad has washed out above Tehama. The heaviest rain of the season fell to day. Three showers, one at 11 A M, one at 2 and one at 3 30 P M. were very heavy, the water falling in sheets. Rain fall for the day, over one inch. The rain extended into the mountains and far up the Sacramento river. News from all points along the rivers is that rapid rises have taken place High waters are expected here to morrow in both rivers At 8 P M the sky cleared up completely and the barometer rising rapidly too rapidly to indicate a permanent change and its decided fluctuations indicate more wet weather. Wind southeast and steady

No train on the Vallejo road in the morning The bridge over Putah creek is thrown out of line The bridge on the Vacaville and Winters road has been washed away The northern railroad from Woodland to Williams is badly damaged and laid up in ordinary, probably for many days

The Oregon road is so out of order that to-day's train went no further north than Chico

The Sacramento river has risen from 9:30 to 11 30, this writing, at the rate of one inch an hour, American river, from 3 to 7 P M, rose 6 inches per hour and still rising Quantities of driftwood are coming down, showing high waters in the mountains, no breaks on the Western Pacific road reported Sacramento river 24 feet 5 inches.

SACRAMENTO Feb 18—The city is secure The river is falling slightly on account of a break on the Yolo side below Washington. The levee above Washington is badly washed but has been actively repaired and is likely to stand A number of washes are reported on the railroads centering here and some bridges strained out of line

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 17—It stormed heavily this morning and is now cloudy, with indications of more rain

Trying to Fool the Hangman.

[From All the Year Round]

In 178[illegible] a fellow named Kelly was sentenced to execution at Trim in Ireland On the early morning of the day intended to be his last, he contrived to cut his blanket into strips about four inches wide join them together with strong woolen threads and form a double sling This he passed under his hams, fastened the ends [illegible] his neck and [illegible] hook to receive the halter Thus accoutred he proceeded to the place of execution It is supposed that he had found means to bribe the hangman to whom he made a request to draw him up close to the pulley and lower him gently when dead But the crafty man [illegible] did not succeed Kelly [illegible] by his own weight [illegible] gave him such pain that he struggled violently He was however allowed to hang until nearly dead when his sling apparatus was discovered

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The Illinois department of agriculture estimate that the yield of corn in the state in 1877 at [illegible] bushels and the value at $[illegible],562 In 18[illegible] the yield was 208,112,910, and the value $6[illegible],932,341.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb 18

Cameron of Pennsylvania introduced a bill to reinstate certain officers of the U S army It provides that all officers of the U S army who served therein more than 20 years continuously and served also during the late rebellion, and who were wounded and brevetted for gallant service in the field and in action and were honorably mustered out of service under section 12 of the act of July 15th 1870 be reinstated and retired as of the date they were respectively mustered out

Withers, from the committee on pensions, reported back the resolution instructing the committee to consider as to the expediency of reducing and readjusting the compensation of pension agents and also to the practicability of having pensioners paid directly from the treasury of the United States, together with the views in writing of various public officers to whom the question had been submitted, and moved that they be printed and recommitted, so ordered

Withers also gave notice that to morrow he would call up for consideration the senate bill amending the laws granting pensions to soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812, and their widows.

Dorsey submitted an amendment to the resolution recently submitted by Voorhees instructing the committee on judiciary to procure information in relation to the bonds of certain railroad companies on certain contingent land grants of the lands of the Indians of Indian territory The amendment instructs the committee to ascertain what amount of money has been expended by the several Indian tribes of Indian territory in support of delegates to Washington during the past five years, and in opposing the organization of a civil government over said territory and whether any such money has been taken from the school funds of any such tribes, and if so, what legislation is necessary to prevent future diversion of such school funds from their legitimate purpose. It further instructs the committee to ascertain whether a civil form of government cannot be organized over the Indian territory for better protection of land and property, and whether the lands now held in common by said Indian tribes cannot be divided severally among the Indians without confirming conditional grants of lands to certain railroads, ordered printed.

The following on the calendar passed

Senate bill for relief of settlers on public lands under pre-emption laws Paddock, in explanation of this bill, said it was to allow a settler who had occupied a tract of land a year or more to change his settlement and take up, under the homestead laws, the time spent on the former tract to be counted as part of the five years required under the homestead law

Senate bill to amend the act of March 2 1877, to provide for the preparation and publication of a new edition of the statutes of the United States.

House.

Bills were introduced and referred

By Robertson—The resolution of the Louisiana assembly in favor of the Texas Pacific bill and the Bland silver bill

By Southard—The joint resolution of the Ohio legislature declaring that President Hayes and Secretary Sherman, in their opposition to the silver bill, do not represent the views of the people of Ohio

By Riddle—To prohibit organization of national banking associations under existing laws and the recharter of those now in operation

By Burchardt—To promote the deposit of savings and the refunding of the national debt.

By Corlett—To incorporate the National Pacific Railroad.

At 2 o'clock the floor was awarded to the chairman of the commission of the District of Columbia for district business.

Hendee reported back the bill providing a permanent form of government for the district; made special order for March 4th.

The house then went into committee of the whole Springer in the chair, on the bills relating to the district, but without action the committee rose

The following bills were introduced and referred.

By Garfield—To provide for the more thorough investigation of railroad accidents

By Banks—Granting the privilege of the floor to one representative of every newspaper having daily telegraphic communication with Washington. House adjourned.

The Remonetizers.

After the adjournment of the house to day, about sixty members, in favor of the remonetization of silver, convened in the room of the committee on judiciary, under the name of the silver union. Representative Eden offered the following

Resolved, That to-morrow, immediately after the morning hour, the motion be made by Buckner to proceed with the business on the speaker's table and on reaching the bill to remonetize silver, the previous question shall be called on concurring in the senate amendments and that there be no debate.

Bright thought there were serious objections to the bill as returned, one was was to the limitation of coinage, and another striking out the feature of coinage from the house bill He wanted to make some protest against it, for this was a discrimination against both persons and metal, and holders of gold were privileged to have their gold bullion coined free, and citizens and foreigners could thus be benefited alike,

Wright offered a resolution that the bill be reported as it came from the senate, it had been a long time under discussion; the president would certainly veto it, and by adopting the senate bill, which was substantially as good and the same as the other, they made sure of its passing over the veto.

Hanna, although favoring free coinage wanted the senate bill passed; he did not believe the president would dare veto the bill,

Ewing said this bill gave the secretary of the treasury power to sell bonds to buy bullion in order to resume specie payments and the country, which is now suffering, would have no relief, and would not see $100 000 put into circulation. The secretary will buy up and hoard every dollar of the two millions coined monthly

Haskell did not admire Secretary Sherman and his policy, but he and Director Linderman had promised that the people should have as much money as they desired.

Butler would take the bill if nothing better was obtainable. He favored debate and deliberate action lest the president refuse to sign it because not carefully considered He criticised the section of the bill which provides that the silver dollar shall be a legal tender, except where otherwise stipulated in the contract. This would allow anybody to take only gold and not silver, which the French court had said was not permissible He thought the banking and currency committee should have the bill for amendment and report.

Phillips said the bill remonetized silver and made it legal tender He favored it, and the additional legislation now pending would carry out the rest

Fort said they should act slowly and like men Debate would strengthen the bill.

Finally the conference agreed to submit the bill to the banking and currency committee and the conference adjourned.

Mr Frank B. Adams is giving exhibitions in New York of his skill in playing billiards without using a cue. He is willing to wager that he can count one thousand points in an inning, and the New York papers report that the skill he displays in making all kinds of fancy shots, warrants him in making this wager.

R. C Janion & Co. have ordered a Lloyd survey on the British bark Barracouta, now lying at Astoria with a partial cargo destined for Victoria

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KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES!
The Great British Remedy There is unquestionably no remedy so certain in its effects [illegible] WINTER COUGH BRONCHITIS and [illegible] AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT [illegible] yield to its [illegible] The highest medical testimony [illegible] no better cure for [illegible] They contain no opium morphine or any violent drug KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES prepared by THOMAS KEATING, London Britain are sold by all druggists Agents for the Pacific coast REDINGTON & CO and CHAS LANGLEY & CO San Francisco
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The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 19, 1878.

FREE HOMESTEADS ON THE PUBLIC LANDS.

We are frequently asked to give an outline of the laws of the United States through which free homesteads may be secured on the public lands. An excellent summary of these laws, with the regulations prescribed by the general land office, is presented in a book of miscellaneous information, statistical, financial and political, prepared under the supervision of the librarian of congress and published by the American News Company. We present the essential features of the article, as follows:

By our present laws any citizen or applicant for citizenship, over twenty-one years of age, may enter one quarter section of any unappropriated public lands, which are subject to pre-emption at $1 25 an acre. Or he may enter by pre-emption 80 acres of such lands, valued and classed at $2 50 an acre by the government. This privilege extends to women who may be heads of families; and each person availing himself or herself of its benefits must make affidavit before the register of the land office of the district in which entry is to be made that he or she is the head of a family, or else twenty-one years of age. The affidavit must also set forth that the land is for the exclusive use and benefit of the applicant, and for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation.

The applicant under the homestead law must pay ten dollars on filing his claim with the register, and is thereby permitted to enter 160 acres, or 80 acres on payment of five dollars. But no certificate is given or patent issued for the land until the expiration of five years from date of entry. If, at the expiration of five years, or at any time within two years thereafter, the person making such entry or his direct heirs shall prove by two credible witnesses that he or she or they have resided upon and cultivated the land for five years immediately following the date of its original entry, and shall make affidavit that no part of the land has been alienated, then patent for the land should issue without further delay. The entire cost to the settler is only the original ten dollars paid on filing the application for 160 acres, or five dollars for 80 acres. Any one who wishes to complete his title before the expiration of five years, can do so only by payment to the United States of the valuation of the land, $1 25, or $2 50 an acre as the case may be. But he has at all times the prior right to do this, and so become full owner of the land, as against any other person. The law contains a proviso that no land acquired under the homestead act shall be liable for any debts of the settler contracted prior to the issuing of the patent for his homestead. If, before the expiration of the five years probationary residence the settler shall abandon the land for more than six months at a time, then the land shall revert back to government. No individual is permitted to acquire more than 160 acres under the homestead act.

The five years residence is waived in favor of all soldiers and sailors who served the United States ninety days or longer during the war of 1861–'65, and were honorably discharged. Every such soldier (or his widow or, children in case of his decease) is entitled to free entry of 160 acres on condition of actual residence and cultivation for one year only.

The timber culture law is a measure of considerable importance to a portion of our country, and especially to the great region east of the Cascade mountains. Any settler on the public domain who has set out and cultivated for two years as much as five acres of trees on an 80 acre homestead of 160 acres, is entitled to receive a free patent for his land in three years instead of five.

THE SENATE SILVER BILL.

Knowing it is doing an unwise thing when it proposes that the United States shall make an effort to uphold silver against the great commercial nations, the senate partially recognizes the situation by demanding a conference of nations to fix a ratio upon which gold and silver may circulate together. But as to asking Europe to try the double standard, it is useless. The Cincinnati *Gazette* well remarks that only popular shifting governments repeat failures in money experiments. Even France refuses to coin any more silver, though she is the leading member of the so-called Latin union with which the United States is to confer. But the Latin union does not control values, exchanges and commerce for the world; and with the United States added to that confederacy, still it cannot be done. Any arrangement that leaves Great Britain and Germany out will settle nothing. Since France, in order to save her gold, has been compelled to continue indefinitely her suspension of silver coinage, is it not apparent that a law superior to all statutes and convent ons controls this subject? We are not going to have a double standard in the United States. It is a term that contradicts itself. Never yet has the wisdom of our congress been able to make gold and silver circulate freely together. It will not now. Restriction of the coinage, which is provided by the senate bill, will probably do something toward giving the silver dollar an artificial value for a considerable time. If the emission of greenbacks of small denominations be stopped the business of the country will absorb a moderate amount of silver dollars. The senate bill, since it limits the coinage, is much less objectionable than the Bland bill as passed by the house. The clamor of the silver men has been for the same freedom in coinage of silver as gold. It is now very evident that this point cannot be gained. By this restriction upon its coinage the inferior place of silver is recognized. As compared with gold silver is placed by this act under proscription. It is evident that the senate has attempted a compromise between ignorant clamor on one hand and scientific judgment on the other.

Secretary Sherman says that all the silver which can be coined for many months will be in demand for customs, because it will be cheaper than gold; and this demand is likely to prevent for the time being any great difference between the gold dollar and the silver dollar. But so soon as silver shall have been coined in large supply, so that all duties can be paid with it, it is sure to decline. Then as the supply of silver increases gold will wholly disappear and greenbacks will gradually depreciate. It is believed that the secretary has given in this statement the true reason why gold does not rise at once. Limited coinage of silver is a great point to prevent it for the present.

In a table showing the number of patents issued during the year 1877 Oregon is credited with thirty-eight. The total number for all the states and territories for the year was 13,-029. According to population thirty-eight is our full share of this number.

There is a new scheme for the admission of

INDUSTRIAL AND TRADE NOTES.

Galveston is still discussing the Colorado and Santa Fe railroad.

There are seven applications from Michigan for space at the Paris exposition.

Nine hundred people are now employed at the Waltham, Massachusetts, watch factory.

The Union Pacific new headquarters building at Omaha is completed. It cost $100,000.

The Illinois Central railroad company has organized a board of local surgeons along its lines in Iowa.

More than three hundred miles of railroad were constructed in California during the year 1877. The number of miles now in operation in that State considerably exceeds one thousand miles.

Nearly 600,000 pounds of cochineal valued at between $300,000 and $400,000, were imported from the Canary islands through the custom house at New Haven, Conn., last year for one Hartford firm.

The Ames Works at Chicopee, Mass., after considerable bother in getting fairly going, are now turning out 500 blades a day on their Turkish sword contract, and in the course of a month expect to get up to 1,000 a day.

A special train on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road recently ran from Topeka to Pueblo, 568 miles, in sixteen hours and twenty-five minutes, including all stops, with an average speed of thirty-four and a half miles per hour.

The finishing touches have lately been given to the Hoosac tunnel, although trains had previously been running through it regularly. The passage of a train occupies ten minutes, except freight trains which take a longer time. Three equidistant lights enable the engineers to regulate the speed. Otherwise the tunnel is dark, and generally is full of smoke.

A *Tribune* Washington special of the 7th says: A startling falling off in the revenues of the government has been noticed by treasury officials within the past few weeks. The rate of decrease is such as to excite serious apprehension that if it continues special legislation will be required to make provision for the current expenses of the government. This decrease in the revenue is attributed to the sudden stagnation of business, resulting from the prospect that debased silver coin will take the place of our present circulating medium, and also to the action of the Democratic house upon questions of internal revenue and tariff. All these tend to unsettle business in every department.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Col. Wm. Preston Johnson's "Life" of his father, Gen. Albert Sidney Johnson, will be published soon.

Secretary Sherman is building sixty-four small but comfortable brick houses just north-east of the capitol.

Jefferson Davis has been invited to deliver an address at the June commencement of the Texas State university.

The latest fond Charley Ross turns out to be the wrong boy. But there is probably no doubt about J. Madison Wells.

Montgomery Blair announces that he is preparing to write a life of Andrew Jackson, or rather a history of his administration, and that of Abraham Lincoln.

The New Orleans *Picayune* (Dem) charges that the men in the New Orleans custom house have been assessed to pay the expenses of the trial of the returning board.

Chicago *Tribune*: The silver bill is bound to pass. Ten millions of full legal tender per month is what the country needs to get the frost out of its joints and start things up lively.

Archbishop Purcell has been a bishop in the Catholic church forty-five years, having been consecrated in 1833. He is now seventy-nine years old, but is as vigorous, mentally and physically, as many men at sixty.

The lower house of the Mississippi legislature stabbed Senator Lamar neatly and with effect when it gave a unanimous vote of approval of the senator's colored colleague's vote in favor of Stanley Matthews' silver bill.

The loose talk about the waning popularity of Henry Ward Beecher does not amount to much, if one may judge by the accounts of his attracting eight or ten thousand people to hear him preach in Chicago on a recent Sunday, of whom not one quarter could gain admission to the church.

GENERAL NOTES.

There are five murderers in Vermont under sentence of death.

There is a postmaster in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, who has had the position for forty-five years.

The volume of postal business at Philadelphia exceeds that of St. Louis, Baltimore and Pittsburg combined.

Augusta (Ga) *Chronicle*.—"Any attempt by any man to create sectional divisions at this time we regard as quackery of the worst sort."

Vicksburg is urging the legislature to annul its corporate rights and remand it to the condition of a town, in the hope that it may thus escape payment of a huge debt.

Boston is considering the advisability of establishing industrial farms, on which the unemployed poor of that city can be set at work and earn, at least, a living.

"Well," exclaims William Lloyd Garrison, "order reigns in Warsaw, but where is Poland?" And the Boston *Post* responds: "He's up in Vermont, polishing brass buttons."

Of ex Collector Worthington's reported readiness to testify to a bargain between Senators Patterson and Butler, the Charleston *News* (Dem.) says: "The trouble is that nobody will believe Worthington."

OREGON.

At Grant's Pass a father congratulates himself upon the birth of his nineteenth child.

Jackson county Democrats call on "all who repudiate the presidential steal" to "stand in" with their party.

Farmers around, Milton, Umatilla county, have broken eight or ten thousand acres of new land and sown it with wheat. Peach trees are budding, and it is feared they will get nipped.

B. F. Dowell, for many years the publisher of the *Sentinel*, bids his readers adieu in last week's issue. He is succeeded by Frank Krause, who has had charge of the mechanical and local department for some time past. B. F. Dowell will probably stay the sale of his property on the May judgment, as he has almost raised enough money to pay off the entire judgment. It is his intention to sue Jesse Applegate for his portion of the bond.

A very Loud Protest from Yakima.

SELAH, Yakima Co., W. T., Feb. 9.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Your paper of Feb. 2d brings us the news that 'tis done; the great thing is done. The N. P. R. R. Co. will build on the south side of the Columbia to Portland, and the grant for the Puget Sound branch is not to be renewed. The company has held for years a large body of land in Washington Territory, preventing settlement and retarding our growth and prosperity. And is this result the work of Portland? Does she fear a rival on the shores of Puget Sound? Are you not doing for us what you have time and again accused California of doing for you? It looks like the good old rule, the simple plan to take because you have the power and keep because you can.

But when, in addition to this, it is proposed to unload your Warm Spring and Umatilla Indians into one of the finest valleys in Washington Territory, we are fully convinced that if there is no hell there ought to be, and we do sincerely hope that, "in the very hottest part of it they lifted up their eyes, being in torment," may be spoken with truth of the promoters of this iniquitous scheme if they succeed.

A. N. MILLER.

An engineer named Dunlevy has surveyed the upper Missouri river between Fort Benton and the Three Forks at Gallatin City and finds that the volume of the stream is three times that of the Ohio river between Pittsburg and Wheeling.

During the year 1876 the price of silver in London fluctuated between 46½d per ounce as the lowest, and 58½d. per ounce as the highest price. This is the material which our finan-

NEW TO-DAY.

Great Clearance Sale OF DRY GOODS, ETC. at 101 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

TWO NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. Inquire at the corner of Fourth and Columbia sts. fe19d1m

FOR RENT.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, WEST SIDE OF Third street, second door south of Washington. fe19d1t

SITUATION WANTED.

IN A HOTEL OR BOARDING HOUSE IN THE city or country, as chambermaid and waitress in diningroom. Apply at this office. fe19d3t

WANTED.

A GOOD AGENT TO HANDLE OUR LUMBER Wagons, Spring Wagons and Buggies, at Portland, Oregon. Send for terms, enclosing references. STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO., South Bend, Indiana. fe19d6t

NOTICE.

R. R. WINTER WITHDRAWS FROM OUR firm, his interest and liability ceasing on and after this date. HAPGOOD & CO. Waterford, W. T., Feb. 18, 1878. fe19d6t
Astorian copy.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the Oriental Silver Mining Co. will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 19, at the office of Dr. J. A. Chapman, at 8 o'clock, prompt. By order of the President. fe19d2t

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against purchasing a certain Certificate of Deposit, issued by the First National Bank of Portland, to the undersigned, for $300 gold coin, dated January 7, 1878, the same having been stolen, and payment thereof stopped. J. SIMON.
February 18, 1878. fe19d6t

TO SMOKERS.

MY CUSTOMERS ARE INFORMED THAT

THOSE CIGARS

Have arrived.

Also, the BROADWAY CANDIES.

S. L. STONE.

NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE STATE Mr. JAMES STEEL of Portland, Oregon, is the only person authorized to act as agent for me in the transaction of business in Oregon and Washington Territory. J. B. MONTGOMERY.
February 18, 1878. fe19d1mw4t

FOR

WHITTAKER HAMS

and

FINE GROCERIES

generally, go to

HACHENY & BENO.

For San Francisco.

THE SAILING OF STEAMSHIP

CITY OF CHESTER

Is deferred until

Thursday, Feb. 21, at 4:30 P.M.

fe19d3t GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

SPECIAL SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

We will sell on the premises on the south side of Main street, between Fifth and Sixth, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1878,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

The entire Furniture and Fixtures, consisting of

PARLOR FURNITURE.

Carpets, Mirrors, Ornaments, Lace Curtains and Cornices.

ALSO,

Lounges and Chairs, in reps.

ALSO,

Diningroom Furniture, Table Linen, Knives, Forks, Glassware, Crockery,

ALSO,

Cook Stove, Parlor Stove, and Kitchen Furniture.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

JUST ARRIVED!

Iron Centennial, Lester, Barnes' and Bracket

SCROLL SAWS.

White Holley & Fancy Woods.

Blades, Design Books and Patterns and Transfer Paper.

Write for our prices.

The Best Assorted Stock in Portland of

Builders', Carpenters', Farmers' and Housekeepers'

HARDWARE.

DAYTON & HALL,

fe19 Cor. First and Taylor Sts.

COMPOSITION MEETING.

IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT of Oregon. In the matter of J. V. Wangenheim, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. Notice is hereby given that the above named J. V. Wangenheim has filed his petition in said court for a compromise with his creditors, to wit: payment in full, one year hence without interest, promissory notes for cash debt to be executed; and that there will be a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt before the undersigned Register, at his office in Dee's building in Portland, in said district, on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1878, at the hour of 3 o'clock P. M., to consider the matter of said composition, where and when all persons in interest may attend.
H. H. NORTHUP,
Register in Bankruptcy.
Portland, Feb. 18 1878. fe19d2t

For Married Women and Men

A sure Cure for Fluor Albus and Falling of the Womb.

Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., from 2 to 4 P. M.
J. T. JACOB. MARY E. JACOB.
Southeast corner Corbett and Porter sts., Portland.

WE WILL ALSO KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand for sale, an almost sure cure for Piles in their worst forms, and a sure cure for Dyspepsia. I defy competition on these two diseases; can give almost immediate relief, and cure if our directions are strictly followed. To say that any human being can cure Piles and they shall never return, would be more than any person outside the lunatic asylum ought to venture to assert. I do not profess to be able to do that. But I do know from thirty years of my own experience and of trials of many others of both sex, that my preparation has come the nearest perfection of any thing ever offered the public, and in some of the most inveterate cases. I cannot just now go into any lengthy propositions on the subject. I will only offer a few hints for the consideration of those troubled with this annoying disease. I hold that postponing the demands of nature to evacuate is a prolific cause, most especially in towns and among persons in business; say, is it not next to impossible for the clerk, the merchant, the seamstress, &c., to answer nature's calls promptly? This soon becomes a terrible tax on nature; then comes costiveness; next you take drastic purges, and the unavoidable consequence is you have aggravated, not soothed nor healed; you have neither supplied the injured parts with a lubricative a healer nor a comforter; you have left them irritated more or less, to go through the same routine over and over again, until you have no rest; anon comes a train of diseases, you do not think why; you have a worried look because you have not had rest enough. Tell us, will you, how much needless suffering you undergo in one year. I hold, too, that Dyspepsia is another great cause of Piles; gulping your food helps to cause Dyspepsia. We could go on, page upon page, and your own common sense would convince you how much you lose and suffer, by allowing one disease to retain its hold until it has generated others. I offer these hints and facts for your reflection, you who suffer. And we offer you cures and comforters at a price so low that every sufferer can obtain them. Their use is simple and effective. They cause no necessity for any suspension of your daily avocations; they cause no inconvenience whatever in any way. They will prove a blessing to you, and you will say so: but you must follow the simple directions strictly, which are enclosed in every package. Try them and you will be satisfied. I have no long list of testimonials to offer. I stand on the sterling virtues of what I offer you. You will say well done, when you feel the comfort after a very short trial. Pile and Dyspepsia Remedies $1.25 per package each; for sale at present only at my office, South east corner Corbett and Porter streets, Portland. Office hours 10 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 P. M.
J. T. JACOB
fe19 MARY E. JACOB.

Workingmen's Laundry.

Southeast corner Third and Market sts., Portland
J. B. GUILLEMETTE, Proprietor.

WASHING & IRONING DONE to ORDER.
NO CHINESE HELP EMPLOYED.

Our Order Slates are at John Finnen's cigar store First street, M. J. Gleeson's, First street, Oregon Hotel, Ned Chambreau's.

Call and see for yourself. fe16d1m

IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS.

TWO FINE LOTS

Received per steamers "Ancon" and "Chester."

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

FREDERICK W. BERT ....MANAGER

Last Week of the Season!

Instantaneous Success!

Of the Poet Scout of the Black Hills,

CAPT. JACK CRAWFORD

And the accomplished Comedienne,

MISS RENA!

Who will appear

THIS TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 19,

For the second and last time in the great Drama entitled

CAPTAIN JACK!

Wednesday evening, Feb. 20—For the first time in Portland, the thrilling sensational play entitled THE PLAINS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—As other arrangements have been concluded, the Dramatic Season will most positively terminate on Saturday evening next, and this will be the only opportunity of witnessing CAPT. JACK, who during the week will appear in his famous Dramas of Capt. Jack, The Plains, and Kit Carson.

CHARITY FUND

FOR

Good Samaritan Orphanage.

A VARIED ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE BENefit of the above fund, consisting of

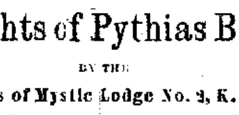
MUSIC, READINGS, LIVING PICTURES, MOTHER GOOSE'S STORIES ILLUSTRATED, MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS, AND AN AMUSING FARCE,

Will be given under the direction of the ladies managers of the Orphanage, on

Wednesday and Thursday Evenings,

Feb. 27th and 28th. Notice of the place where the entertainment will be given, with a complete programme, will be published in due time. f9dtf

BALLS AND PARTIES.



16th Annual Ball

OF THE

WASHINGTON GUARD

Co. A, O. S. M.

At their Armory, Front and Taylor Sts.,

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 22.

Honorary Committee.

Gov. S. F. Chadwick, Capt. Thomas Mountain,
Ex Gov. A. C. Gibbs, Capt. J. B. Lister,
Gen. M. V. Brown, Lt. Wm. Young,
Maj. Ed. Cabalin, Judge J. H. Woodward,
E. J. Jeffery.

Committee of Arrangements:

H. Cooke, H. W. Carson, J. M. Howe,
W. B. Marye, A. J. Sutherland, Chas. Oliver.

Reception Committee.

Capt. H. Cooke, Lt. A. J. Sutherland,
Lt. H. A. Dyer.

Floor Committee.

C. A. Vollum, H. W. Cushing, C. Hankins,
Thos. Magee, W. J. Bowden.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

Knights of Pythias Ball,

BY THE

Members of Mystic Lodge No. 2, K. of P.

AT TURN HALLE,

Thursday Evening, Feb. 28, '78.

Price of Admission........................$1 50

Tickets can be procured at Alisky & Hegele's, Wilson & Speck's, from members and Committee.

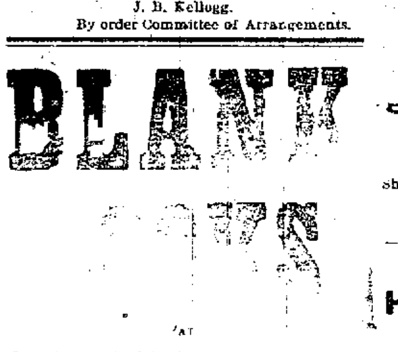
Reception Committee:

J. H. Boyd, D. E. Buchanan,
C. C. Phillips, J. H. Lyon,
Jacob Thompson, C. A. Alisky,

Floor Committee:

E. J. Jeffery, Wm. Braden,
G. C. Sears, John Crouch,
J. B. Kellogg.

By order Committee of Arrangements.



AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S,

75 First Street.

OSCAR T. SODERBACK,

Manufacturer of

Fine Havana Cigars

SOUTH SIDE MORRISON STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, Portland, Oregon.

NO CHINAMEN EMPLOYED.
fe14d1m

G. NEIMEYER,

Merchant Tailor,

31 First St., Portland,

Invites the public to inspect his stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS—JUST ARRIVED.

Style and Workmanship Guaranteed.

A GREAT INVENTION!

Lockwood's Portable Steam Oven,

THE BEST COOKING UTENSIL EVER INvented. Burning and scorching of food impossible, and the juices and flavor retained. Rice, Beans, Custards, Oatmeal, Fruits, &c., cooked to perfection. All who have cooking to do should get one. Manufactured and for sale wholesale and retail by M. K. KRIBS & SON, corner of First and Taylor streets, Portland, Oregon. County Rights for sale. ja29d1m

CENTRAL BAKERY,

105 Third Street, between Alder and Morrison,

Orders Solicited.

E. OPITZ.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTLAND ON MONday morning, Feb. 18, will connect with the Str ALMOTA at Celilo for LEWISTON and points on Snake River, the stage of water permitting.
f 5d1 S. G. REED, Vice President.

FIRST-RATE LESSONS

IN

GERMAN AND FRENCH

GIVEN BY

DR. PHIL. FOLKMAN,

N. E. Corner Third and B Streets,

Or [illegible] residence of the pupils. fe5dtf

NOTICE.

MR. DAVID L. WALTER HAS NO INTEREST in our business as partner or otherwise. Neither has he any authority to sign our firm name from this date. WALTER BROS.
Portland, Oregon, January 29 1878 f13d2w

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED MR. F. H. CORN OUR special Agent and Attorney in fact to represent us and transact our business, with authority to the extent and in the manner set forth in our letter of Attorney to him of date February 9th, 1878.
WALTER BROS.
Portland, Oregon, Feb. 12, 1878. fe13d2w

PIPER & KNAPP,

ARCHITECTS,

Office in Monnastes' Building, First street

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS

AUCTIONEERS,

Commission and Real Estate Agts.

Next Cor. Front and Washington Sts.

REGULAR SALES—Wednesdays and Saturdays. HORSE SALES—At Godard's stables, every Tuesday at 2 P. M.

REGULAR HORSE SALE.

TUESDAY, 19th, at 2 P. M.

We will sell at Godard's stables.

Some Fine Work Horses, Buggy and Express Horses, Saddle Horses.

ALSO,

Several Buggies, Wagons, Harness, &c.

Parties having Stock or Wagons to sell will do well to communicate with us at once.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 20, AT 10 A. M.,

REGULAR SALE!

Of New and Second Hand Furniture, Clothing, Stoves, Groceries, &c.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS,
Auctioneers.

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

CENTENNIAL BRACKET SAWS.

With extra Blades and Designs, Treadle Power, All Iron.

FLOWER POT BRACKETS,

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, &c.

MITERING TOOLS, RODS, &C.

Patent Hand Cuffs and Police Nippers.

Butchers' Saws, Scales Knives, Steels, Cleavers, Scrapers, &c.

Cross Cut, Mill, Mulay & Circular Saws.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

JOHN R. FOSTER,

Cor. Stark & Front St., Portland, Oregon.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

MILLINERY

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS!

The Largest and Best Assortment at

P. van FRIDAGH'S

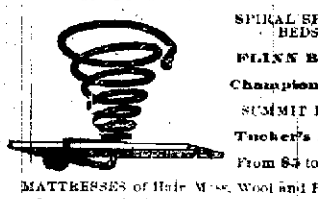
79 First Street,

SOLD AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

OREGON

Furniture Manufacturing Co.

DEALERS IN



BEDDING.

SPIRAL SPRING BEDS,
FLINN BEDS,
Champion Beds,
SUMMIT BEDS,
Tucker's Beds,
From $3 to $30.

MATTRESSES of Hair Moss, Wool and Pulu. Steam-cured white and grey FEATHERS. Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bolster Cases, Blankets, Quilts and Comforts.

Salesrooms—Corner First and Yamhill streets, Portland, Oregon.

PATRONIZE

HOME INDUSTRY

D. METZGER,

Manufacturer of

Glue, Curled Hair and Neats Foot Oil.

ALSO,

Refined MACHINE OILS.

OFFICE and SALESROOM:
Corner Front and Main Streets—No. 180.

N. B.—My Glues and Oils can also be had from HODGE, DAVIS & CO.
D. METZGER.

MRS. E. S. WASS,

GRATEFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, RESPECTfully notifies the public that on account of continued ill health, she intends selling off at Cost her entire stock of

HUMAN HAIR GOODS!

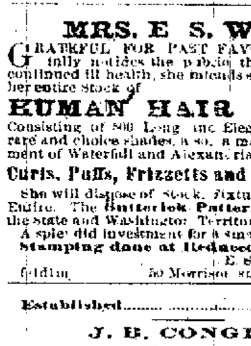
Consisting of 800 Long and Elegant Switches, of rare and choice shades, also, a magnificent assortment of Waterfall and Alexandrian

Curls, Puffs, Frizzetts and Fancy Goods.

She will dispose of Stock, Fixtures and Business Entire. The Butterick Pattern Agency, for the state and Washington Territory for sale. A splendid investment for a small capital. **Stamping done at Reduced Rates.**
E. S. WASS,
fe1d1m 50 Morrison st., Portland, Or.

Established.........................1853.

J. B. CONGLE,



Manufacturer & Importer, wholesale and retail dealer in SADDLES, HARNESS, Saddlery Hardware, And Leather, 23 Front St., Portland, Or.

Sole agents for Knight's Patent Drover Stirrup, for Oregon, Idaho Washington.

E. C. PIERCE & CO.

DRAYMEN,

Office, 44 Market St. Stand, 9 Drumm St. San Francisco, California.

Address Letters to P. O. Box 1124. [illegible]

Goods Reshipped and Forwarded Promptly at Reasonable Rates.

REFERENCES: Oregon Steam Navigation Co., Portland Water Company, Portland Gas Light Co., Knapp, Burrell & Co., Portland, Oregon. [illegible]

I COLLECT EVERY VARIETY OF CLAIM ON THE UNITED STATES,

AND SECURE FOR APPLICANTS MAIL, SURveying and other Contracts with the Government. Favorable Bounty, Pension and other laws will be passed this Congress; also a Pension for Mexican Soldiers. For particulars and for legal blanks apply to R. M. CARTER, at Washington, D. C., until July, 1878, after that at Portland, Oregon.

HATHAWAY SHIRTS.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING TO HAVE THESE Shirts made to order please leave measures with us previous to Feb. 20

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

S. L. B. GILMAN, J. R. K. IRVIN

GILMAN & IRVIN,

Auctioneers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

First Street, bet. Pine and Ash, Portland

Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Teas, Sago, Chicory & Spices.

We will sell at our Auction Salesroom on

THIS DAY.

TUESDAY, FEB. 19, 1878,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

TEAS.

50 chests Eng. Breakfast Tea, ½lb papers.
50 chests choice Japan Tea, in 1lb papers and boxes.
25 chests choice Breakfast Tea, 4 bxs each.
25 chests Oolong Powchong Tea, in paper.
20 chests Challenge Tea.

SAGO.

20 bags Sago.

ALSO,

SPICES.

50 cases assorted Spices, in ¼lb to 10 tins.

ALSO,

2500 lbs. Pure Cream Tartar.

Samples of the above Goods can be seen at Salesroom.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

INSURANCE.

CHANGE OF AGENCY.

I DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE TO MY FRIENDS and patrons that I have resigned the management of the Oregon Branch of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. It is with much regret that I sever a connection which has ever been pleasant.

My successors, J. BACHMAN & BROTHER, will assume control of the Agency from this date.

I have associated myself with J. Bachman & Brother, and can be found at their office, No. 88 First street, until further notice.
ED. HALL, late Manager.
Portland, Jan. 28, 1878. ja28d1m

UNION

Insurance Company

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN.) - $750,000

Assets, exceed - $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON.

First National Bank Building, Portland
W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - - $475,000.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any Insurance combination; its Business is transacted at the Lowest Paying Rates; each risk being rated according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed General Agents for the above Company, are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Portland,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territ'y

OYSTERS.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay

OYSTERS

Served In Every Style.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

Wholesale and Retail Confectioners,

No. 103 First Street.

R. C. JANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
McEWAN'S " " "
BASS' " " "
TENNENT'S ALE, pints and quarts.
Blood, Wolfe & Co's ALE and PORTER, pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints.
RED CASE GIN, (Ryabende & Sons brand,
Hennessy, Martell and Jules Robin's BRANDIES, in case and bulk.
Scotch WHISKY, in case and bulk.
Heidsieck & Co's "GRAND VIN ROYAL" CHAMPAGNE, pints and quarts.
Carte d' Or CHAMPAGNE, pints & quarts.
Finest SHERRIES and PORT WINES,
Benedictine, Maraschino, &c.
IRISH LINENS, DAMASK TABLE LINENS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.
CURRY POWDER and CURRANTS.
CORN SHUCKERS, CHAIN and ZIG ZAG HARROWS.
English PAINTS and VARNISHES.
Superior WHITE LEAD and ZINC.
CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH.
WHEAT, OAT SACKS, HESSIANS, and TWINE.
SHEET IRON, assorted sizes.
Tinned SAUCEPANS and COVERS.
FRY PANS, Nos. 3, 4, and 5.
CANNEL COAL, Etc., Etc.

HACHENEY & BENO,

Grocers & Seedsmen,

N. W. cor. First and Taylor Sts.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE STOCK of first class groceries of Hacheny & Stemme, we are prepared, with an additional new stock, to fill all orders.

Please call and examine our goods and prices.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE to all parts of city.

G. L. HIBBARD. J. W. BRAZEE.

G. L. HIBBARD & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS & FINDINGS,

No. 23 Front, bet. Pine and Ash Sts.,
PORTLAND, OR.

FANCY CHICKENS

AND

Eggs for Hatching.

From Prize Winning Strains of Cochins, Brahmas, White and Brown Leghorns, Hamburgs, Houdons, &c., for sale by

HENRY MARTIN,

Dealer in FISH, POULTRY and GAME,
fe16d&wtf Central Market, Portland, Ogn.

ZAN BROTHERS,

Broom Manufacturers,

13 and 14 North Front St.

Importers and Dealers in

WOOD & WILLOW WARE.

DR. MED. J. J. AUERBACH,

(Formerly of San Francisco)

Member of the California State Medical Society.

Office and Residence:

AUCTION AND COMM

OSCAR KILBOU

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Corner First and Pine

Regular Sale Days, Wedn
Saturdays.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL
Merchandise, Furniture, etc.

A general assortment of Merchan
sale.

WANTS.

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED BROOM MAKER to ISAAC CHILBERG, Olympia,

WANTED IMMEDIATE

A COMPETENT NURSE TO TAKE children. Apply south side between Sixth and Seventh.

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL Apply on the north side of West Park and Eighth streets.

WANTED.

A FEW RELIABLE AND to solicit orders for small larged by the popular "Silvertype" immediately or send for circular Room 13, Occidental Hotel.

WANTED.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE highest price will be paid.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT AND FOR SALE.

THE FURNITURE AND CARPET the four cottages on Main and Sixth, can be bought at a ATKINSON & WAKEFIELD.

FOR RENT.

ONE HALF OF THE LEBANON MILLS for rent for one or half interest in a fine lot of Hogs. Yearly income of Mill terests, $5,000. Rent in advance,

Lebanon, Oregon, Feb. 14, 1878.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FU sale. Apply to GILMA
f12.

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNI SALE.

THE FURNITURE OF THE HO side of First street, between gomery, is offered for sale, and the be let on reasonable terms. Add office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

WIRE CABLE, SIZE FROM inches, any length. Apply
fe18d1m

WORK HORSES FOR

40 HEAD WORK HORSES, young, just from Lane county seen at Fraser's Stables, East Portl
fe16d7t

FOR SALE.

80 ACRES OF LAND IN WASHIN ty, 10 miles from Portland tivation, 10 acres Beaver Dam Well watered. Terms, $1100, $500 time. A pair of horses and other Address A. H. WASS, Portland P. O.

ARMSTRONG FARM

506 ACRES BEING THE tion of this well known (the original Homestead tract) in 3 miles from Dayton, Lafayette, Minnville. House, large Barn and ments. Title perfect and per acre, one third cash, balance 10 per cent interest. Apply to Agent for owners, 32 First street,

CHEAP HOMESTEA

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING large number of Lots and Addition to East Portland, at a now prepared to dispose of the figure, on terms to suit purchasers is very desirably and eligibly steads, being within convenient Stark Street Ferry, and in a very For particulars apply to W. At Sheldon's hard ware store, and, Oregon.

PRIVATE BOARD

PRIVATE BOARD

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH Board. Inquire on Second, Jefferson, opp. Congregational Ch

MONEY TO LO

GOLD COIN! GOLD

$1000 TO $9000, EIGHT TO and Dollars, to be secured gage on city property, will be less than $1000, on reasonable WM. STRONG,

MISCELLANEO

NOTICE.

ALL BILLS AGAINST THE must be sent in to the under before Friday, February 22.
fe18d NATH'L

STOCKHOLDERS'

A MEETING OF THE STOCK the Monumental Silver will be held at the office of the First and Stark street, Portland, day, March 5th, 1878, at 7 o clock,
f5dtf C. D. FOLG

REMOVED.

DR. A. POHL, HOMŒOPATHIC has removed to corner over Pfunder's Drug Store Office hours—From 10 to 12 A. M., 6 to 8:30 P. M.

S. L. STONE

Corner of First and Ash

Importer and Jobber of

Oranges, Limes, Lemons, Canned Goods, Broadway Candies, (very popular), Finest Brands CIGARS

CANYON CREEK

OFFICES—Lemling's & Speck's. Washing promptly satisfaction guaranteed.

JAMES H. KOO

Umatilla, Oregon

FORWARDING &

MERCHAN

RATES REDU

Drayage, per ton.......
Storage and Forwarding.
A large Fire-Proof Warehouse
Also, dealer in
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
Hardware and
GENERAL MERCHAN
(Established in 18
Mark Goods, care J. H. K.
s18d2p JAMES

ST. HELEN'S HA

A Boarding and Day
for Girls.

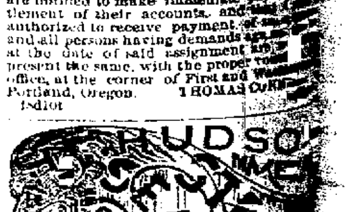
THE EASTER TERM

On Thursday, Janu

For Circulars or information add
BISHOP
or MISS BO
Portla

NOTICE.

A. S. GROSS HAVING ASSIGNED real and personal property counts and demands owing to him, debted to said Gross at the date of are notified to make immediate tlement of their accounts, and authorized to receive payment and all persons having demands at the date of said assignment present the same, with the proper office, at the corner of First and Portland, Oregon. THOMAS
fe5dlot



45 First Street, Portland,

Advertising Cont

PUBLISHERS' RATES MADE FOR ing Newspapers of Oregon and Territory.

D. H. STEARN

75 First St., over J. K. Gill's

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 19, 1878.

CITY.

NOT ALTOGETHER COMPLIMENTARY.—In a recent San Francisco exchange we observe the following criticism concerning several of the opera singers who visited Portland with Mrs. Richings Bernard. These persons are now singing at Baldwin's Theater in Fred Lyster's Opera Bouffe Company: "Miss Hattie Moore has a fair voice which she uses with great discretion, wisely refraining from making any ambitious efforts which might, and probably would result disastrously from a musical point of view; but the addition of a little more life and more expressive action would be decided improvements to the lady's acting. Harry Gates, the tenor, has a good voice, but sings and acts without the slightest expression of animation; we imagine that a few electric shocks judiciously administered at the wings previous to his entrance might stir up his now lethargic system and infuse some life into his manner. Mr. Kinross, the baritone, has a full round voice, which he generally uses with good effect; but his abilities as an actor are not very great. Mr. Tilla's light voice suited the part of Pomponnet, which he personated last week very well; but his efforts to be funny were altogether overdone."

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ONE'S NEW HOUSE.—The common council having appropriated $8,000 for the purpose of building a new engine house for Willamette Engine Co. No. 1, the preparations for its construction are already being made, and before the fall rains come we hope to see that old and standard company in new and elegant quarters. At the last meeting of the company a building committee consisting of ex-Chief Engineer Lyon, J. L. Davidson, A. W. Witherell, M. F. Spencer and S. A. Moreland, was appointed to confer with the council and its architect in reference to the matter. The committee met and consulted upon proposed plans, and having decided upon one it is now in the hands of the architect for completion of specifications and details. Although the condition of the present quarters of this company made the construction of a new house almost a necessity, the boys are none the less grateful for the liberality of the city fathers in making the appropriation at this time.

GONE AFTER WORK.—Owing to the efforts made recently in this city to displace Chinese by white labor, a large number of Chinamen have recently been sent into the country where they can procure living cheaper and pick up any odd jobs that farmers may have to give them. One Chinese firm here has sent out about 200 during the last two months, most of them under contract to grab land in adjoining counties. They are said to do this work much cheaper than white men do or could afford to, and they put no additional work on farmers' wives, as they always board themselves. Many hundreds of acres will be added to the wheat producing area in this valley the present year by these Mongolian laborers.

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WILL RESUME TRIPS.—The steamer *City of Salem* has been undergoing a thorough overhauling and renovating and is ready to resume her trips on the upper Willamette. She will leave her dock, foot of Salmon street, on Wednesday at 5 A. M., for Harrisburg and all intermediate points.

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UNSAFE.—A correspondent writing from Fort Canby under date of the 16th says: The storehouse built at Fort Canby, in 1875, by W. B. Headsington, of Astoria, at a cost of nearly $4,000, has been abandoned, the recent heavy gales at the cape having rendered it unsafe.

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CITY TAXES.—Remember only a short time remains to pay your city taxes and our amiable city treasurer, Jos. Bachman, will have no objection to give you receipt at any time. Do not delay.

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McGuffey's High School Reader, Houston's Geography, and other books of which the supply at the opening of school was insufficient, can now be obtained at J. K. Gill & Co's.

Masquerade suits made to order at Mrs. Ach's.

TION AND COMMISSION

SCAR KILBOURN,
ON AND COMMISSION MERCH
Corner First and Pine Streets.
r Sale Days, Wednesday
Saturdays.
PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE
Merchandise, Furniture, etc.
assortment of Merchandise at

WANTS.

WANTED.
PERIENCED BROOM MAKER. Apply
AAC CHILBERG, Olympia, W. T.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
PETENT NURSE TO TAKE CARE
dren. Apply south side Madison
Sixth and Seventh.

WANTED.
RL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK
ply on the north side of Morrison
k and Eighth streets.

WANTED.
RELIABLE AND ENERGETIC AGENT
licit orders for small Pictures
the popular "Silvertype" Process
or send for circular to D. F.
Occidental Hotel.

WANTED.
D HAND FURNITURE, FOR WHICH
est price will be paid. Address

TO LET.

TO RENT AND FURNITURE
FOR SALE.
URNITURE AND CARPETS IN ONE
four cottages on Main street
can be bought at a bargain.
ON & WAKEFIELD.

FOR RENT,
HALF OF THE LEBANON FLOURING
for rent for one or more years
in a fine lot of Thorn
yearly income of Mill with
Rent in advance. Apply
ELKINS
Oregon, Feb. 14, 1878.

FOR RENT AND FURNITURE
Apply to GILMAN & IRVIN
Auctioneers

TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR
SALE.
FURNITURE OF THE HOUSE ON
First street, between Mill and
is offered for sale, and the residence
reasonable terms. Address M. F.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
CABLE, SIZE FROM ¾ INCH
any length. Apply at Stark St.
KNOTT BR

WORK HORSES FOR SALE.
AD WORK HORSES, GOOD SIZE
just from Lane county. They
Stables East Portland.
WM. FRAZI

FOR SALE.
ES OF LAND IN WASHINGTON
18 miles from Portland. 11 acres
16 acres Beaver Dam, easily
Terms, $1100, $500 cash, balance
of hogs and other stock
A. H. WASS, Portland P. O.

STRONG FARM FOR SALE.
ACRES BEING THE REMAINING
of this well known improved
Homestead tract) in Yamhill
from Dayton, Lafayette, St. Joseph
House, large Barn and other
Title perfect and guaranteed.
one third cash, balance on long
interest. Apply to E. G. HUGHES
owners, 32 First street, Portland.

CHEAP HOMESTEADS.
UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED
number of Lots and Blocks in
East Portland, at a great
to dispose of the same at a
to suit purchasers.
and eligibly situated
within convenient distance
and in a very healthful
Apply to W. F. ALLEN
hardware store, J street

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING.
ED ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT
Inquire on Second, bet.
Congregational Church.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GOLD COIN! GOLD COIN!
TO EIGHT TO NINE
and Dollars, to be secured by
security, will be loaned
on reasonable terms.
WM. STRONG, Dekum's

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.
CLS AGAINST THE "LEADING
be sent in to the undersigned
February 22.
NATH'L INGERSOLL

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
ETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS
Monumental Silver Mining
held at the office of the company
Stark street, Portland, Oregon
ch 5th, 1878, at 7 o'clock, P. M.
C. D. FOLGER

REMOVED.
POHL, HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
removed to corner Ash and First
Drug Store; entrance on
—From 10 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 4 P. M.

S. L. STONE,
of First and Ash Streets.
Importer and Jobber of
Nuts,
Broadway and
(very popular). Figs & Dates
CIGARS AND TOBACCO

CANYON CREEK LAUNDRY.
Leading Cigar Store,
Washing promptly returned
guaranteed.

AMES H. KOONTZ
Umatilla, Oregon.
FORWARDING & COMMISSION
MERCHANT.
RATES REDUCED.
Forwarding
Fire-Proof Warehouse for storage
Also, dealer in
GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES
Hardware and
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
(Established in 1863.)
Goods care J. H. K. U.
JAMES H. KOONTZ

T. HELEN'S HALL
arding and Day School
for Girls.
EASTER TERM BEGINS
hursday, January 31
culars or information address
BISHOP MORRIS,
or MISS BODNEY,
Portland, Oregon.

NOTICE.
OSS HAVING ASSIGNED TO ME
and personal property, including all
d demands owing to him, all persons
said Gross at the date of such assignment
ed to make immediate payment
of their accounts, and that I only
to receive payment of such
persons having demands against said
of said assignment are requested
the same, with the proper vouchers
the corner of First and Washington
Oregon. THOMAS CONNELL
Assignee

DSON
MAKER
BER STAMPS, ETC.
First Street, Portland, Oregon.

vertising Contracts
HERS' RATES MADE FOR THE
Newspapers of Oregon and Washington
D. H. STEARNS,
St., over J. K. Gill's Book
Or.

The Daily Oregonian.

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Masquerade suits made to order at Mrs. Ach's.

AMUSEMENTS.

"CAPT. JACK."—Fred G. Maeder's thrilling, sensational drama, illustrative of border life, written expressly for Capt. J. W. Crawford, bearing the above caption, was produced last evening at New Market Theater for the first time in Portland. There was present a very good audience. Capt. Jack appeared in the title role of the drama, and he sustained the character with all the dash, vim and courage of the traditional scout and border man. Although not a finished actor in a professional sense, there is that in Capt. Jack's style which is free and unrestrained—a sort of reckless freedom—that does not fail to challenge one's admiration. During the play he gave an exhibition of his skill in the use of weapons—revolver, rifle and knife—which is certainly remarkable. Of the play it can with truth be said that it abounds in exciting scenes of border and awless life, and is relieved at very convenient intervals by startling situations. There is much of the "blood and thunder" element in the play, but the author has displayed no little dramatic skill in its construction. The dialogue is much above the language of the average border play. Miss Rena as "Kitty Muldoon" was certainly one of *the* features of the play. She took a very conspicuous part, and showed most conclusively that she was no novice in the use of the pistol. The lady acted the assigned role with enough earnestness and vivacity to invest the character with much interest. She made a very favorable impression, judging from the repeated and hearty "rounds" awarded her. Her dialect is perfect—being the genuine Hibernian brogue. J. B. Robinson's "Old Vet" was quite life like and faithful in respect to "make up" and acting. We can speak in terms of commendation of the other characters of "Capt. Jack"—Mr. Ward's "Snake Root Sam," Mr. Wade's "Wild Bill," Mr. Howard's "Jacob McKandless," Mr. Gere's "Raven Feather," Mr. McConnell's "Dave Tutt," Mr. Imbaus' "Fire-water Tom," Mr. Walter's "Alf Coil." Mrs. Wade sustained the character of "Lillie Fielding" with her usual care and acceptability. The same may be said of Mrs. Trengove's "Mrs. Fielding," and Mrs. Imbaus as "Lottie" and "Manotee." Throughout, the drama is entertaining, at times quite exciting, and never lacking in one essential element—humor. Capt. Jack will be repeated to-night for the last time. "Kit Carson" and "The Plains" are in active preparation.

BRIEF NOTES.

Still the fructifying showers descend.

County roads are in a very soft condition.

"Link" is the appropriate name of a New York sausage maker.

During the past three weeks a very large quantity of rain has fallen.

The steamer *Elder* is announced to sail from San Francisco for Portland Thursday.

The line south of Roseburg was prostrated yesterday during a portion of the day.

The masquerade last evening at Turn Halle was one of the most successful social affairs of the season.

From present appearances the grand jury will be in session some time. There are a number of cases yet to investigate.

There was little or no observable improvement in the condition of Gov. Curry. His recovery is regarded as extremely doubtful.

The two young men, Smith and Abrams, who were arrested Saturday on a charge of garroting, were being investigated yesterday by the grand jury.

The U. S. mail agent on the O. & C. R. R. last Saturday distributed 31 sacks of mail matter between Portland and Roseburg, besides attending to other duties required.

The third social of the Ladies' Society connected with the Congregational Church will be given this evening at the residence of Mr. R. Porter, corner of Morrison and West Park streets.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

The *S. F. Alta* of the 10th inst., says: "The steamer *Ancon*, which arrived yesterday morning, reports the bark *Dublin* on the 7th, leaking badly, and the bark *Russell Sprague* all right. We had an interview with the officers of the steamer, who state that on Thursday last, off Trinidad, they saw quite a number of schooners and some square riggers, but were not close enough to distinguish any of their names; but there were no three-masted schooners among them. Among the fleet he saw a barkentine, which may be the *Constitution*. On Friday they passed a schooner who had jibs, a whole foresail and a double reefed mainsail set, running down this way. This will undoubtedly be the *Lizzie Madison*, previously reported by the schooner *Abbie* with her main boom gone. The barkentine *Melancthon*, which arrived yesterday from the Columbia river, had lost several sails, and in addition sprung a leak (not a bad one) about a week before arrival. She reports seeing the ship *Grace Darling* 22 days ago. Both were hove to in a heavy gale of wind at the time."

THE COURTS.

MONDAY, February 18, 1878.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY J.

Sullivan vs Ford—Motion for a new trial argued and submitted.

R. E. Irwin & Co. vs Warren—Dismissed.

Rodgers, Meyer & Co. vs Warren—Dismissed.

Ladd & Tilton vs Irwin & Olmstead—Docketed and dismissed.

Ferry vs Aikens—Judgment for plaintiff.

Adjourned till next Monday.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK J.

Oregon and California railroad vs Ben Holladay et al—Motion to strike out parts of complaint argued and submitted.

S. G. Reed excused for the term.

Abbey vs Leonard—Dismissed.

Moreland vs Brady—Motion to strike out parts of answer argued and submitted.

Van Burden vs Warren—Dismissed.

H. W. Prettyman excused for the term.

P. G. Baker vs City of Portland—Writ of review argued and submitted.

Grand jury presented two indictments.

State vs James Murphy—Jury out.

State vs Ah Jack and Ah Gong—Continued until to-morrow.

State vs Ah Fling—Allowed time to procure counsel.

WEATHER REPORT.

Received at the United States signal office in this city, February 18, 1878:

Stations.	*Bar.*	*Ther.*	*Wind*	*Rain*	*Remarks*
AT 4:52 A. M.					
Portland	29.67	45	SE	.18	Cloudy
Roseburg	29.67	48	SW	.08	Cloudy
Red Bluff	29.83	52	S	.12	Lt Rain
Sacramento	29.92	58	SE	0	Cloudy
AT 1:32 P. M.					
Portland	29.88	40	N	.11	Cloudy
Roseburg	29.37	48	N	.18	Lt Rain
Olympia	29.40	05	S	.19	Lt Rain
RECEIVED AT 7:57 P. M.					
Portland	29.520	48	S.	.16	Lt Rain.
Roseburg	29.640	48	S. W.	.37	Fair
Red Bluff	29.720	56	S E	.00	Fair
Sacramento	29.850	55	S.	.17	Cloudy.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

HORSE SALE.—To-day at 2 o'clock Messrs. Creighton & Stearns will hold their weekly auction sale at Goddard's stables. These sales are becoming very popular, and any one having horses, buggies, harness, etc., to dispose of will do well to confer with the auctioneers at once.

This morning at 10 o'clock a very important sale will be held by Messrs. Gilman & Irvin at their place of business. Among numerous other articles will be a large assortment of teas, sago, chicory, spices, cream tartar, etc. These articles will be very cheap, and splendid bargains can be secured. Remember the time and do not fail to attend.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

John Smith, drunk and disorderly, $10, unpaid; J. T. Marcy, drunk and disorderly, case continued; H. A. Moss, same offense, case continued; Geo. Maxwell, same offense, case continued; Henry Anderson, same offense, $10, unpaid; N. Thompson, vagrant, case continued; Hugh Thomas, lying drunk on the streets, $5, unpaid; Wm. Barry, abusive and obscene language, $15, unpaid; Wm. Wolfstein, driving on the sidewalk, $5, paid.

SOCIETY ELECTIONS.

Chehalem Grange, Yamhill county, elected the following officers on the 9th inst. for the year: F. T. Keys, master; Wm. Clemmens, overseer; R. Shook, lecturer; J. D. Carter, steward; J. Atkinson, assistant steward; J. B. Wilson, chaplain; S. Brutcher, treasurer; D. C. Atkin, secretary; P. A. Bates, gatekeeper; Mrs. J. Shook, Ceres; Mrs. H. Clemmers, Pomona; Mrs. M. Brutcher, Flora; Mrs. M. J. Wilson, lady assistant steward.

For masquerade suits and masks of all kinds, at lowest prices, go to Mrs. Chas. Tichnor's, 126 First street, opposite Oregon Furniture salesroom. Send stamp for price list.

THE MASQUERADE.

Another success may be added to the list of successes enrolled on the register of the Portland Turn Verein last night. Every available space was occupied by spectators, and the maskers were so numerous that with difficulty could they manage to "trip the light fantastic." The greater portion of those en masque dressed sustained their characters well, while a goodly number came in dresses which even they who wore them could not give the name thereof. Several ladies and gentlemen wore dresses that must have occupied considerable time and thought, so original were the ideas. We should like to particularize these, but we fear injustice might be done to those whom perhaps we might overlook in the excitement attending an affair of this character. The march was led by the members, who seemed to have spared no pains nor expense to get up the characters of The Tailor, A Hat, The Gin Bottles and the Woman's Mill. Messrs. H. Ackerman, S. Harris and G. Winter were selected judges, and we are inclined to think they desired more prizes to award, as four seemed insufficient, as many more than those hereafter mentioned were deserving of some mark of appreciation. However, the gentlemen under the circumstances, did the best thing possible, and no one will find fault with them. The floor committee, and in fact all committees, performed the duties assigned them to perfection, and the energy displayed by them should be exercised by others assuming such places. Following their example, success is sure to be the result with any society aiming to reach social and financial triumph. Below is presented a list of

CHARACTERS.

Mrs. A. E. Miller	Mary Stuart
Miss T. Wascher	Peasant Girl
Miss Hopkins	Negro Mason
Miss Kavanagh	Pop Corn Girl
Miss A. Yankee	Morning Star
Miss Susan Dougherty	Topsy
Mrs. R. Butler	Insurance Agent
Miss Grotschen	Fairy Queen Star
Mrs. Grotschen	Drost Steirrin
Miss O. Young	Gipsy
Miss L. Young	Quaker Girl
Miss C. Elwert	Heroine
Mrs. C. A. Alisky	Moslem Maiden
Miss Emma Baker	Sleigh Bell
Mrs. Prescott	Biddy
Miss Kate Sherry	Pink Domino
Mrs. Isaacs	Charity
Mrs. P. Griffen	Evening Star
Mrs Nutting	Waiting Girl
Miss Eva Griffen	Sorceress
Miss J Finck	Spanish Bride
Miss Sohn	Ivy
Miss Harding	French Flower Girl
Miss Carrie Pape	Folly
Mrs. Gretzmacher	Tyrolean
Miss Lizzie Ottinger	Tyrolean Girl
Miss L. Spence	Swiss Girl
Mrs. Bruner	Tyrolean Boy
Miss Carrie Smart	St. Louis Negro Girl
Mrs. Geo. Sears	Queen's Maid
Miss G. Edwards	Knight
Mrs. L. Pfunder	Flower Girl
Miss Effie Gray	Mrs. Ch of Joseph
Miss J. Alisky	Fairy Queen
Miss D. Alisky	Fairy
Miss M. Alisky	Chambermaid
Mrs. Kaiser	Huntress
Miss J. Rushlight	Indian Princess
Miss Dora Edmunds	America
Miss Annie Clobeck	Bohemian Girl
Miss Lizzie Frese	Spanish Queen
Mrs. Knoll	Country Woman
Miss Addie Rogers	Prince Ahmet
Mrs. Capt. Jones	Chinawoman
Mrs. L. Morris	Roman Girl
Miss Minnie Flinn	Page
Miss Gussie Schleland	Circus Girl
Miss Annie Schentz	Preciosa
Mrs. Pope	German Girl
Miss Quigley	Equestrienne
Miss Kate Kiernan	Ballet Girl
J. Oppenheimer	Chief Looking-Glass
F. D. Metzgar	Japanese Knight
Isadore Gumbert	Phileas Fogg
A. Wendt	Fireman
John Giffen	Inshavogue
Peter Wagner	Over the Left
M. Minnehan	Knight of Pythias
J. Schentz	Reporter
A. Schuman	Stock Broker
H. Davis	Uncle Sam
Max Webber	Ku Klux
D. Young	Ku Klux
George Bolman	Ku Klux
H. Duniway	Romeo
M. Winch	Prof Pixley
Alf Anderson	Our American Cousin
Mr. Richardson	Brigand
L. P. Pfunder	Don Cæsar de Bazan
Ben. Jeffery	Chief Joseph
H. Metzger	Daughter of the Regiment
Alex. McKay	Sailor
S. H. Downs	Chief Moses
J. Pfunder	Alsatian
Geo. Collins	Acrobat
Chas. Alisky	Old Yamhill
H. W. Dilg	Weinhard's Representative
I. Oblasser	French Nobleman
W. S. Stevens	'49'er
Wm. Keller	Mephistopheles
G. Castendeick	Clown
G. Kipinsky	Prince Imperial
Wm. Mast	Clown
Arthur Sunderson	Mexican
H. Rudolph	Convict
Capt. Jones	15th Amendment
C. Seller	Don Cæsar
F Sohm	Peruvian
C. Arman	Scotchman
Ed. Shentz	Scotch Lord
A. E. Kaiserly	Indian Chief
B. Hunger	Knight
Phil. Kerrigan	Page
Capt Delney	Shylock
Henry Thompson	Senator Pinchback
S. L. Stone	Peasant
F. Pape	Chinaman
J. Bauer	Bandit
Jas Waters	Greek Sailor
G. Franz	German Student
H. Wegner	Forlorn Maiden
Fred. Phillippi	Summer Style

PRIZES.

The judges awarded the prizes, (gold medals, shield shaped), on each of which was inscribed "P. T. V. Masquerade, 1878," as follows:

"First Prize—Best dressed and sustained lady's character, Mrs. A. E. Miller as "Mary Stuart."

Second Prize—Best dressed and sustained gentleman's character, Hubert Duniway as "Romeo."

Third Prize—Best sustained lady's character (comic), Miss Sallie Dougherty as "Topsy."

Fourth Prize—Best sustained gentleman's character (comic), Capt. Jones as "Andy," a well known colored citizen.

For Secretary of State.

PORTLAND, Feb. 18, 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I have learned that the name of W. T. Wright, of Union, Oregon, will probably be presented to the coming Republican state convention as a candidate for this high office. He has been engaged in merchandising in Grand Ronde valley for the past twelve years. His integrity is above suspicion, his ability for the position firstclass, and his general fitness for the position cannot be questioned. While he has not mingled in politics, being a man of untiring attention to business, yet he is a true Republican and always has been. By inserting this you may assist in putting a good man where he is needed. X.

A Curious Study of Man.

[Letter to Cincinnati Gazette.]

A curious study is the consideration of the kind of men who fascinate women. I have known a man, a fellow with the head and hair of a tramp and dress of a doctor with a lean practice, a person who wriggled like a snake when he walked and had a clammy hand, yet this person was a perfect lady killer. One girl was betrothed to him for three years, and then he jilted her for a new flame. The new love affair ended with a tragedy, for when in turn he shook the new love off, the restless, grief stricken girl ended her troubles forever in a neighboring river. There were other women who loved the fellow almost as desperately, although they consoled themselves more easily.

Stark street Quinn, the tailor, received on the *City of Chester* the finest line and the very latest styles for the spring of 1878—the finest ever brought to this city.

Silk velvets, satin velveteens and silks, in all colors, suitable for masquerade suits; also gold and silver trimmings, at Mrs. Ach's, corner Morrison and Second streets.

When you want *real, elegant and substantial furniture*, go to Edwards & Birmingham, Second street between Morrison and Yamhill.

Children's braided cloaks with capes reduced to $2 50 at the cheapest store in town—at Mrs. Chas. Tichnor's, 126 First street.

Hickory and Paradise Nuts, big ones, at S. L. Stone's, Ash and First streets.

When you desire a fine oyster stew, fry or raw go to Frank Barnes'.

At Barnes' Central Market you can get a capital meal at a moderate price.

THE RETURNING BOARD.

JUDGE SHELLABARGER UNABLE TO IMAGINE WHAT REVELATIONS WELLS CAN MAKE RELATIVE TO HAYES' TITLE—REASONS FOR BELIEVING THAT THE TALK ABOUT THE MATTER IS UNMITIGATED BOSH.

[Washington Telegram, 3d, to Chicago Times.]

Judge Shellabarger in an interview this evening, said that he had been the original counsel for Wells in all his fight here, but did not act for him this time except by way of making a few suggestions to Demeritis, the returning board agent. In reply to a question as to what was the object of Wells' visit to Washington, he said: "I suppose he wants protection, but what kind of protection I can't imagine. Nor do I see what protection could be given him here. President Hayes might have protected him once by supporting the rightful government of Louisiana, but the time is passed, and there is nothing to be done now."

It was suggested that if Mr. Wells and his gang did not get some kind of "protection" it was possible that unpleasant disclosures might be made, but Judge Shellabarger, with some fervor, said: "What can they disclose? Take my word for it, they don't know anything to disclose, unless it is made up. Now, I think if it was possible that anything of the nature indicated exists, I would most certainly have some knowledge of it. You will remember that I was Wells' attorney from the first. I drew up his answer to the house of representatives, which was read from the speaker's desk last year, and I was in constant communication with Wells and his party. Of course, it was necessary for me to know all the facts of the case in order to present the case in the strongest way, and without placing any of the parties in false positions. I told Wells this, and told him that I must know the worst. I exhorted him by all that was truthful and honorable under the sacred shield of professional confidence and in the secrecy of a counsel's office to tell me everything, assuring him that I would be even more particular than in ordinary cases regarding the confidence of his statements, but he assured me that there was nothing beyond the fact that the board had exercised its authority and discretion in throwing out the bulldosed parishes. If this was a crime, then the board is guilty; otherwise I see nothing wrong in their transactions, unless it is the fact that it yielded too much to the pressure of the visiting statesmen in overstepping a little the limit of the law. But I do not think they even did this, for, as I said in my argument before the electoral commission, while the law requires the allegations of intimidations, etc., to be supported by sworn affidavits from the locality where the violence was charged, the same violence that drove men from the polls prevented them with threats and fear from making affidavits, so that they were compelled to go to New Orleans and first get protection before daring to make affidavits. Upon these affidavits the votes were thrown out, and I think properly.

Now as to disclosures, what can they be? All of these men went before the investigating committee of the house last year and swore day after day that nothing was wrong, telling the same story over and over again. The only testimony that reflected upon Sherman and the rest of the visiting Republicans came from men who were purchased, and whose testimony was made to sell. I have strong reasons to know that they were paid for their testimony, though I do not know that as well as I do the fact that Madison Wells has nothing to disclose unless it be made up stuff.'

Why Young Women Marry Elderly Men.

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

Jennie June, in one of her gossipy letters, undertakes to explain why it is that so many young women marry elderly men. She looks away from money—which has been so generally brought into consideration for such alliances—for the principal reason, and we are inclined to think she has found it.

"The young man of to-day, according to this authority, is not the desirable party the young man fifty years ago was; he is not so thoughtful, sober, painstaking and conscientious; he lives at the club, has no love of home life, no desire to build up a character and reputation as a man and citizen; his ideas of life are bounded by the theater and the doings of his little set; and in too many cases this ambition is to own a racer and be on intimate terms with a ballet. Naturally, mothers "shrink from entrusting their daughters with such youths as these even if they had the opportunity, and are better pleased to bestow them on older men—men who have sown their wild oats; who know how little of real value there is in the temporary excitement of pleasure; who have, perhaps, been married once, and have learned to value home and the guarantee it affords for permanent happiness." There is enough in this opinion of a keen and observant woman to cause reflection. Her picture is undoubtedly a fair one, but of course there are exceptions in young men, who are not all accurately described in her sweeping phrases.

The race of fifty years ago has some lingering samples still on earth, and most of them are no doubt complaining that the young women are not the kind they had fifty years ago. They are now young ladies; to them the thoughtful, sober, painstaking young man is stupid and a bore. If he knows anything he overwhelms them, and no young lady likes to be overwhelmed. They prefer one more airy, with a janty style, even a spicing of slang, and one who knows all the light gossip of the town, and can tell it in a breezy, flippant way that gives it relish. If he owns a racer, it's awful jolly, and he's the young fellow "that's just too nice for anything." We should suppose a mother would naturally shrink from entrusting her son to such young ladies as these. But there are exceptions here as there are on the other side. The real need is some means of separating the sensible young people from those who are not so sensible, and of bringing the young men and maidens together in their appropriate class. Let our social economists direct their powerful attention to this important question.

"Patience and attention to customers. The very best work and low prices," Abell's motto. Gallery 127 and 129 First street. Come early and avoid the afternoon rush.

Dr. Souville Mathieu, the well known French physician, has returned to his permanent office at the St. Charles hotel, room No. 101, after having achieved unparalleled success in his treatment of many hopeless cases in the Willamette valley. Following are a few of the cases effected: G. C. Adkins, of Salem, paralyzed six years; E. L. Bristow, ex-editor of the Salem *Mercury*, nasal catarrh, 17 years standing; Walter Moss, neuralgia, 9 years standing; James Levitt, nasal catarrh; Mrs. Towell, of Salem, neuralgia, a life long disease; Mrs. Dr. Bailey, of Corvallis, and Miss Cora Bailey. We hope the foregoing cures are sufficient to convince the intelligent public of the great success and skillful treatment of the doctor.

DR. PALMER, of Westerly, R. I., says: HUNT'S REMEDY is the most effective medicine I have ever used in my practice for Dropsy and Kidney Diseases. *I can safely say* HUNT'S REMEDY *has almost raised the dead.*" All Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M. D., Office and residence, east side First street between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

The ways and means committee in Washington are still busy with the whisky tax, but the community are satisfied to pay the price for Noble Whisky, and think the committee can use their time to better advantage.

"German Syrup."

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as Boschee's German Syrup. In three years two million four hundred thousand small bottles of this medicine were distributed *free of charge* by Druggists in this country to those afflicted with Consumption, Asthma, Croup, severe Coughs, Pneumonia and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, giving the American people undeniable proof that German Syrup will cure them. The result has been that druggists in every town and village in the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your druggist, and ask what they know about it. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any one.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color; it makes the scalp white and clean; it cures dandruff and humors and falling out of the hair; it furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported; it makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. For sale by all dealers.

THE NEHALEM COUNTRY.

A CHANCE FOR IMMIGRANTS—ONE THOUSAND VACANT HOMESTEADS WITHIN A DAY'S TRAVEL OF PORTLAND.

ST. HELENS, Feb. 17, 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

For three weeks past the people of this place and vicinity have been engaged in opening a trail to the Nehalem valley, and have just completed the work. This valley is a little less than 19 miles from St. Helens, about 35 miles from Forest Grove, and is in Columbia county. It varies in length from one to six miles and follows the course of the Nehalem river one hundred miles to Tillamook bay. It is covered with a light growth of alder and vine maple, which only grows on land of good quality, and is easily cleared. It is thoroughly irrigated by the Nehalem river—more properly a large creek—which is so shoal in most places that it can be easily forded, and almost its entire length is bordered by extensive "burns," which afford excellent pasture for stock all the year round. At present there are by actual count, a few over seventy families in the valley and each week increases the number. They are a thorough going people and are, to a man, satisfied with their location only asking for more in order to secure trade, schools and churches. The trail just completed and a similar one to Forest Grove is as yet the only means of egress; but Columbia county has taken the matter in hand, and during the coming season will open the trail to this place as a county road, and make it passable for wagons. It will be readily seen that an immense and goodly country has been opened up for settlement. Uncle Sam offers one hundred and sixty acres of as good land as ever "lay out o' doors" for the asking. It is under estimating to say that within one day's travel from Portland—to St. Helens, 31 miles by steamboat, time 2½ hours, thence 18 or 20 miles by horse—there are homes for one thousand families, with equally good land further on for four times that number. H.

JUSTICE TO WHOM JUSTICE IS DUE.

A CARD TO DR. R. GLISAN, OF THIS CITY.

STATE OF OREGON,
Multnomah County, } ss

I, John Crombie, being duly sworn, say, on oath, that in my card to Dr. R. F. Price, of this city, I unintentionally gave the impression that Dr. Glisan had given me up to die, and that, as a result of his treatment, I had a fearful hemorrhage from the bladder and blisters breaking out all over my tongue, mouth, throat, face and whole body. These blisters broke out before the doctor was called in, and I suppose the hemorrhage from the bladder was a natural symptom of my disease. I will also state that Dr. Glisan did not withdraw from the case, but was discharged after one day's attendance, because my friends grew impatient; and I repeat that he did not give me up to die. I did not write the card to Dr. Price and did not examine it carefully enough when handed me to sign to see the above errors, and as I do not desire to do injustice to Dr. Glisan I cheerfully make the above statement.

JOHN CROMBIE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of February, 1878.

JOSEPH SIMON,
Notary Public for Oregon.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

A CARD TO DR. R. F. PRICE, OF THIS CITY.

On Thursday afternoon, January 15th, being at work at Oswego at the time, I felt sick, had to quit work, and soon after a fearful hemorrhage at the nose and mouth set in. I did everything to stop it without avail, and getting worse, I came home to Portland to my family. Arriving on Wednesday in a pitiful condition, bleeding all the time, my relations at once brought me to Dr. Saylor, who prescribed for me; but his medicine did me no good, the bleeding keeping up incessantly, and Dr. Gleason was called for. His opinion was unfavorable from the beginning, stating to my wife the bleeding from mouth and nose would keep up two to three weeks, should I live so long; it was a hopeless case, and, when asked if he could save my life, refused to give a decisive answer. He prescribed for me, ordered injections in my nose, which made me worse, and the result of this treatment brought on a fearful hemorrhage from the bladder, voiding blood by the pint, blood blisters breaking out all over my tongue, mouth, throat, face and whole body; falling from one fainting spell into another. My family and friends giving up all hopes of saving my life, my brother-in-law, Mr. George Sill, went for Dr. Jones. The doctor, after careful examination, pronounced the case hopeless, telling my friends I might live a few days by good nourishment. All hope was gone; the medicine Dr. Gleason prescribed was all right. He could give no other. When Dr. Gleason was asked what this case was called, he said it was too long to explain, and I had to die of general decomposition of the blood.

Friday afternoon the friends of my brother-in-law and my relatives advised me to send for Dr. R. F. Price, a homeopathic practitioner, a graduate of a German university, who, during his short practice (about six months), has made many friends and effected some remarkable cures. I did so. He came. He has conquered. His medicine took effect at once. I bled a little during the night; gained on Saturday considerable; bleeding stopped on Sunday entirely. Monday morning I got up and shaved myself, and to-day (Thursday) I am quite a well man; a little weak from loss of blood; no trace of disease; no decomposition of blood; no funeral.

In justice to this qualified man and physician, with a thankful heart for my benefactor and savior of my life, for one of the most wonderful cures ever effected in so short a time on a person already in the clutches of death, may friends reward him with a large practice. I sign my name.

JOHN CRUNBIE.

PORTLAND, Oregon, Jan. 24, 1878.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of February, 1878.

I. ALLEN MACRUM.
Notary Public.

ANOTHER OF DR. WOOD'S MARVELOUS CURES.

NEURALGIA OF THREE YEARS' STANDING CURED IN A WEEK.

The following is one from the many certificates which may be seen at Dr. Wood's office. The reader is urgently requested to refer to the writer of the certificate either by letter or in person to satisfy himself. Only home certificates are published, because the proofs are easily reached to back them up.

SALEM, May 17, 1876.

To whom it may concern: For the benefit of the afflicted I will state that my wife has suffered very much for three years and a half with Neuralgia in the head, eyes and shoulders, and has never been free from it for an hour during that time. Her shoulders and upper spine felt cold, and so great was the pain in her eyes that she could not bear the sunshine or lamplight, and had to keep her eyes shaded from both. I considered her case hopeless, as no treatment relieved her in any degree. Dr. Wood first treated her one month ago, which was repeated for two weeks once a day, and although no medicine was given, yet she has been perfectly cured of the above affliction since the first week's treatment.

CHARLES MORRIS.

May be referred to at the Eureka Market, State street, Salem.

The Doctor heals by magnetism—all his cures are made by this subtle agent. His treatment builds up the patient, infusing new life and energy into the worn and wasted system, bringing hope where despair brooded gloomily over her victim. His treatment is harmless, and ministers to both mind and body, leaving no bad effects of gross, impure medicine for the system to overcome.

Dr. Wood cures the following diseases: Chronic Liver Complaint, Disease of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Spinal Complaints, Pains in the Side, Back, Shoulders, Hips and Chest, Headache, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Chronic and Acute Female Diseases and Irregularities, Sore and Weak Eyes, Deafness, Ringing in the Head, Bronchial Affections, Chronic Catarrh, and General Debility, caused by any of the above afflictions.

OFFICE—Northwest corner of Third and Morrison streets, Portland.

Dr. Adams' Medical and Surgical Institute at Hood River, is now open. Chronic diseases of every description are being treated with astonishing results. Do not throw away money on experiments, but go to Hood River and get cured. Board and treatment per week $20; board without treatment, $8, invariably in advance.

LETTERS OF DISTINGUISHED PEOPLE TO JESSE SHEPARD.

The following are among the hundreds of letters in Mr. Shepard's possession from distinguished leaders in the world of science, religion, literature, and fashion:

ST PETERSBURG, August 10, 1872.

By a telegram received from the emperor's counsellor, the Baron Von Levin, I am commanded to escort you to the Palace of Paul at Gatchin, to-morrow. You will remain two nights at the palace and give one or two seances to the different members of the Imperial court. Yours obediently,

COUNT TANISKI.

BADEN BADEN, July, 1871.

My Dear Mr. Shepard—I have this day spoken with the Archbishop, who desires you to sing in the cathedral at high mass next Sunday. I have also seen the Duchess of Hamilton and the Queen of Prussia, who would like to witness your wonderful seances, etc., etc.

LA BARONNE DE LOE.

To the greatest living authority on the science of magnetism, the Baron du Potet, Paris:

My Dear Professor—I take great pleasure in sending this letter by the eminent medium and prodigy, Mr. J. Shepard, whom you will find is possessed of more mystery than you have yet fathomed in your celebrated works. Your obedient servant and pupil,

LE MARQUIS DU PLANTY.

From the *London Court Journal*, 1870: The sensation of last week was the performance of a young gentleman from Paris, who caused the greatest excitement at a west end reception by his wonderful and mysterious music.

BELGRAVE SQUARE,
LONDON, June, 1870.

The Dowager Viscountess Combermere presents her compliments to Mr. Jesse Shepard, and as she hears he will kindly accept invitations to select parties, hopes he will favor her by his presence on Sunday evening, April 17th. Lady Combermere has invited the Embassadors of Prussia, Austria, Spain and Brazil.

48 ONSLOW SQUARE,
LONDON, 1870.

The Countess of Dunsany presents her compliments to Mr. Shepard, and would say that she and her friends, including the Dean of Armagh, were so pleased with Mr. Shepard's powers on Friday evening last, that it will gratify her much if he will give her a series of seances during the coming week.

BRIGHTON, Eng., Nov. 11, 1872.

Dear Mr. Shepard—It will give me great pleasure to meet you on your arrival in Brighton and do all in my power to promote your professional success.

SIR CORDY BURROWS,
Mayor of Brighton.

21 COLVILLE ROAD,
LONDON, Feb. 12, 1874.

My Dear Mr. Shepard—Mr. Clowes, Mr. Marston and Mr. Crowdy—all gentlemen of much influence in literary circles of London—are very anxious to meet you and see some of those marvelous manifestations which come to you, etc., etc. Believe me, yours truly,

FLORENCE MARYATT CHURCH,
Editor of London Society, etc., etc.

Mr. Jesse Shepard the *world renowned* universal medium, will give seances for the demonstration of the most startling manifestations known in the realm of psychological and metaphysical science.

Dr. R. F. Price, 129 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

Dr. R. F. Price, graduate of a German university, devotes special attention to the cure of "CHRONIC DISEASES," whatever their nature may be, particularly those of a *delicate, complicated* or *obstinate* character. Bad effects of *youthful follies* quickly cured. *Manhood* restored. *Prompt relief for ladies out of health. Diploma* and *testimonials* open for inspection. *No flattery!* No quackery! No deception!

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,
Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
98 FIRST STREET.

A Gentle Hint.
In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your house for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill, and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any diseases of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c; regular size, 75c.

OMNES PROSINT.
WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Anteny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.
HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF the best Musicians and Teachers in the city we are prepared to give
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BRASS BANDS TAUGHT.
Best references in the city given.
To those desiring to purchase, Pianos, Organs, other Instruments, books, &c., we would state that they would do well to call or address us for assistance in choosing, inasmuch as the same will be given gratis. German, French and Scandinavian languages spoken. All orders for the popular Northwestern Brass and String Band will receive prompt attention. Plays the latest and best music. Prof. Parrish, Prompter. Office, Front and Alder streets, over Beck & Son's store. Address P. O. Box 227.
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Wholesale Dealers in Fine
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J. H. CUTTER and MILLER'S EXTRA
Old Bourbon Whiskies.
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A Square Meal, including table wine, for 25 cents.
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A. H. JOHNSON,
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PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.
Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

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Washington St., near Third,
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Free delivery to any part of the city.

J. S. KELLER,
Cor. Madison and First Streets,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PILES.
Hemorrhoids or Piles
Blind or Bleeding—Prolapsus Recti, Fistula in Ano, and all Diseases of the Rectum,
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MY TREATMENT AND SPEEDY CURE OF Piles and Diseases of the Rectum is now acknowledged as a sure thing by many, even in the most stubborn and long standing cases. Acknowledgments and letters from persons cured can be seen at my rooms and residence. Persons desiring to avail themselves of the present opportunity of being cured, can call or write, with stamp, for reply. Those living at a distance can be treated just as well by letter as if present. The "Process" will be neatly packed and sent by express, "C. O. D." Address DR. T. F. WIGHTMAN, Postoffice Box 700, Portland, Oregon. Office and residence south side of Madison, west of First street.
N. B.—My stay will be but for a short time in Portland, as I shall soon return east. No knife, ligature or caustics or other painful experiments; no waiting for days for relief; immediate relief and positive cure. DR. T. F. WIGHTMAN,
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Attorneys at Law.
Offices at Portland, Oregon, and Olympia, Washington Territory.
Will Practice in all Courts of Record in the State of Oregon and Washington Territory.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 19, 1878.

HOW POPES ARE ELECTED.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE PAPAL CONCLAVE—EVERY POSSIBLE CARE TO PREVENT CARDINALS FROM COMMUNICATING WITH EACH OTHER.

The following is abridged from a work on the Papal Conclave, by T. Adolphus Trollope, published in London in 1876:

There have been various modes of election adopted by the conclaves which fill the papal chair; but when the next election takes place the election by "scrutiny" and *accessit* will certainly be the method adopted. This is the *modus operandi:* The afternoon of the first day, after a processional entry of the cardinals into the conclave, is occupied with visits and adieus. The "Extra Omnes" having been pronounced, their eminences take possession of the cells which chance has assigned to them, and retire for the night. They are called early. At 9, on the ringing of a bell for the third time, the junior master of the ceremonies cries, "*In capellam domini!*"—"To chapel, my lords." Then the cardinals, in their robes, go to chapel. After service and breakfast, taken in their separate cells), they go, accompanied by the conclavists, to the Sistine chapel, to proceed to the first scrutiny. One of the conclavists at the door of the chapel hands to his cardinal a closed desk containing the ruled and prepared registers for the day's voting, the schedules specially printed and prepared for giving the votes, the cardinal's seal and materials for sealing, and writing requisites. The conclavists then retire and the doors of the chapel are closed. As visitors to Rome will remember, the chapel is divided into two halves by a balustrade, the inner portion being called the presbytery. The entire floor of this is raised to a level with the dais, on which is ordinarily placed the pontiff's seat. On this occasion, however, it is removed. The altar alone remains, with its crucifix and six candles, which are always lighted during the whole of the scrutiny. Each cardinal is enthroned under a canopy, so arranged that they can all be let down but one when a new pope is chosen. In the center of the floor are six little tables furnished with everything necessary to the business in hand. On a table in front of the altar is a tablet of water wood with seventy holes in it, answering to the number of cardinals when the college is full, together with a purple box containing as many balls of wood as there are cardinals, with the name of a cardinal on each of them. From this box every morning are drawn the three scrutators and cardinals to attend any invalids who may be confined to their cells. The balls with the names of the cardinals are placed in the respective holes in the tablet just mentioned, and are allowed to remain there during the entire time of each scrutiny. Finally, there is also on this large table the form of oath to be used in putting the voting papers into the urn, and two urns with their dishes beneath them, which during the time of scrutiny are placed in the altar; also a box with a slit in the lid, and a lock and key, which the cardinals appointed to receive the votes of their invalid colleagues carry round, locked, to the cells of the latter, and into the slit in which the sick cardinals put their folded papers containing their votes with their own hands. Behind the altar there is a little iron fire-place with a tube chimney communicating with the outer air. At the close of each scrutiny in which no election has been accomplished," (owing to the requisite number of votes not having been given to one single cardinal,) all the voting papers are placed together with a portion of straw, in the grating, which is then inserted into the iron stove, and the whole is set on fire by a match lighted from a tinder box, so that the burning creates a dense smoke, by which all Rome, eagerly on the watch, is informed that no election has taken place at that day's two scrutinies. This is the celebrated "Sfumata" of which so much has been heard, and on which so many bets have been decided. It serves also as a signal to the artillerymen, who are on the watch at Castle St. Angelo ready to fire their guns as soon as the election shall have been made; and further to the workmen, also on the watch, to pull down the walling-up of the great balcony from which the new pope will, immediately on his election, give his first benediction—"*Urbi et orbi*"—on the instant that an election shall have been consummated. Every possible care is taken to prevent the cardinals from communicating with each other, and even the dinners are "administered" separately by a "dapifer" (a bringer of the feast), by whom each cardinal is attended. The dinners are severally examined by an official before they are taken into the cells, to see that no scrap of writing or message of any kind is conveyed in the viands. Any letters which may come in from the outer world are first read by a board of prelates before the cardinals can have them, and the most scrupulous care is taken in every way to prevent all communication with the outer world, all the officers, conclavists, and others acting and fulfilling their duties under solemn vows and oaths. Three hours after sunset, at the last ringing of a signal bell, the junior master of the ceremonies calls out, "*In cellam, domini!*"—to your cells, my lords!" And all retire again to rest. It is not necessary to describe the technicalities of writing upon the voting papers the names of the cardinals set forth by the voters for election. They are not unlike modern ballot papers, with the exception of some lines of Latin and certain regulations for folding and sealing the vote. Only one name is written, and when the paper is filled up and folded and sealed, each cardinal walks from his place to the altar, carrying the schedule, or vote, held high between his fingers and thumb. Arrived at this step of the altar, he kneels and pronounces in Latin the following oath: "I call to witness Christ our Lord, who shall be my judge, that I am electing him whom before God I think ought to be elected, and the same as to the vote which I shall give at the '*accessit.*'" On the altar there is a large chalice, or urn, covered with a patina; and the elector having thus sworn, places his schedule or voting paper on the patina, and, taking that in his hand, drops the vote into the chalice with it. If a sick cardinal cannot do this, the ceremonia is gone through for him by a scrutator. For those who cannot leave their cells, there is a very elaborate system of assistance and substitution by the sworn officials. When all the votes have been placed in the chalice the senior scrutator mixes them together. The junior then takes each vote from the chalice and drops it into another receptacle. Then comes the scrutiny itself. The three scrutators sit at the large table with their backs to the altar, so that they may be seen by all present. The first of them takes a voting paper from the chalice, and leaving the seals which seal down the name and motto of the voter intact, open the other folds and reads the name of the person in whose favor the vote is given. He then passes it to the second scrutator, who also takes note of the person voted for and passes it on to the third, who declares the vote in a loud voice; and each cardinal, as the vote is declared, marks it on a register before him. When all the registers are marked, the schedules or voting papers are threaded on a file by the junior scrutator. The two ends of the thread are tied together, and the whole placed on the great table. Then comes the last operation of the scrutiny, which has three divisions in case an election has been effected, which are, first, the counting of the votes; second, the verifying of the votes by three other cardinals drawn by lot, and called "*ricognitori;*" and third, the burning of the votes in the manner already described. But if no election has been achieved, the last portion of the operation, the "*post scrutinum,*" consists of seven "abis," of which the first is the "*accessit.*" This revoting is similar to the first, but no cardinal can be voted for by "*accessit*" unless he has had at least one vote previously. Nor can an elector give an "*accessit*" for the same person for whom he voted in the first voting; otherwise he would be voting twice for the same person. The mode in which this method of the "*accessit*" operates, and the nature of the motives which will influence the electors in proceeding to it, are sufficiently intelligible. If A, for whom you have voted, shall be shown to have received four or five votes only, while B has received twenty and C thirty, it will become a delicate question whether you will transfer your vote to one of the latter, and if so, to which of them. If, failing your own favorite candidate, who has been known to have no chance, you are contented to have C, your course is clear. You "accede" to him. If he is objectionable to you, you may still prefer to accede to him if it shall seem to you that his election is inevitable. If B would content you, and you think he has a chance, you accede to him. If your main object is to prevent if possible the election of either B or C, you accede to some other cardinal in the hope that the votes given to him, if not sufficient to elect him, may at least, in conclave language, give an exclusion to B and C; *i. e.*, prevent either of them from having a two-thirds majority. It will thus be seen that the "*accessit*" requires for its management some of the most delicate and dexterous play of any portion of the conclave operations.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 18, 1878.

Gold in New York 102⅛.

Legal tenders in Portland—buying 97½; selling 98½.

Silver Coin—4½ per cent. discount.

Business retains about an even tenor. The passage of the silver bill has not affected transactions in financial circles to day, the course of this market always following that of New York and San Francisco, with which centers telegraphic communication has been entirely interrupted during business hours.

Interest and discount rates are unchanged, and for good borrowers who are able to furnish the right sort of collaterals, are easy at 10@12 per cent. The demand for loans is not extensive and holders of considerable sums are in the market seeking favorable opportunities of investment.

Apropos of the talk on the silver question we learn from our late eastern exchanges that eastern cities are being flooded with trade dollars to the disgust of all except those who make a profit by buying them at a discount and paying them out at par. This, however, is but a foretaste of what will be experienced under the full operation of the Bland bill. The New York *Bulletin*, a leading authority on finance and trade matters, says:

The New York market is glutted with trade dollars, each containing 420 grains, about $1,190,000 having been imported here by the bullion dealers from San Francisco in the last twenty days. It is getting difficult to pass these coins, except at a discount. The public will be interested in knowing that, with gold at 102⅛, and exclusive of interest on the bullion while it is in the mints being made into these coins, it costs about 95 cents in paper currency to get out a trade dollar. Those which have been sold here by the bullion and money brokers have brought 94¾@95¾ in paper currency; they have been bought by contractors, manufacturers and others having workmen to pay, and have been paid out in wages at their face value. These workmen, when they came to pay the necessaries of life, found at first they passed very well; very soon, however, the retailers discovered that they could only get rid of $100 lots of them at a discount of 1½@2 per cent, and to cover the trouble and loss of receiving them for their goods and turning them into current money, they very generally will not take them except at 5 per cent. discount, or at 95 cents in paper currency. It results, therefore, that the workmen have 5 per cent. added to the price of everything they buy with these dollars which they receive in wages.

The *Commercial Herald* of latest date, gives a very discouraging view of the business situation in San Francisco. It says:

The business repose of this city is at present between two fires, either of which is plague enough of itself. On the one hand we have the labor agitation, which has succeeded in contracting the fields of industry and employment to a degree that has driven hundreds to the verge of starvation, and on the other hand, we have a plunging fire from the legislative batteries at Sacramento that threatens to destroy all our corporated institutions, and hurling hot shot at our heads in the shape of bills that would, if passed, load us with a debt of twenty five to thirty millions of dollars. The natural result is, that frightened capital takes wing and retires to some less dangerous locality, waiting for the hour when common sense and fair dealing shall have resumed their sway. In bank, money is abundant, but not obtainable except upon the very best and readily convertible securities. Terms nominal at 8@10 per cent.

Domestic Produce.

"Business is very quiet with us," is the most general answer to inquiries put to dealers in domestic products, as indeed is the case with almost all other branches of trade at this time. There are several causes operating to produce the dullness complained of, not the least of which is the unusually stormy weather and bad condition of the roads. The wheat market is still reportable as stagnant and no prospects of any material revival for some weeks to come. The settlement of political questions in Europe, which lend a great degree of uncertainty to all operations in this cereal, seems to be at considerable distance in the future, and though shippers have but few opportunities to purchase now, we doubt if abundant offers would be attended with extensive transactions in the dubious condition of the markets abroad. The nominal price is now $1 9[illegible], though but few would pay that figure, and equally as few would be inclined to accept it. The two or three vessels at hand seeking grain characters are not yet reported as taken, though rates are still said to be advancing.

The flour trade is moderately active, though sympathizing with depression in wheat, prices are weak and in buyers' favor at quotations. Oats are not quotable lower, but the demand is weak and trade sluggish, as San Francisco is now making but little call on this market except for choice milling lots, and shipments thence have recently been unprofitable.

Provisions and dairy products show no improvement over the dull condition of the market noticed last week. Eggs are jobbing at 22½ cents to the local trade, but for shipment will hardly command to exceed 20 cents.

There seems to have been some disagreement in relation to the market value of hides during a week or two past. Some dealers have reduced quotations to 12½ cents for best selected and we are inclined to think all will have to submit to the reduction ere long, as advices from San Francisco and the east indicate a falling market both for the raw material and manufactured article.

New York Freights and Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18—The freight market presents a dull appearance, and there is nothing doing worthy of comment. Rates are steady but there is no doubt any considerable lot of heavy goods could be shipped at less than quoted rates. Steamer freights are very dull, and the steamer announced to sail to morrow has been held over until the 20th. She will have a fair cargo for California.

Merchandise markets dull; flour dull at 10@15c lower and to sell nearly the whole of the advance of last week would have to be submitted to; wheat dull at 2@4c lower. Pork moderate demand, $12 40@12 60; Rio coffee 35c dull and prices weak; refined sugars, after brisk demand, closed dull, less stagnant under announcement of auction sale to-morrow; petroleum dull and unchanged; spirits turpentine quiet at 40c; hides dull and unchanged; sales 800 California private.

Shipping Intelligence.

The Br ship Kinclune, ship Palawan and bark Dinapore of the Oregon grain fleet have arrived at their respective destinations, the Kinclune at Falmouth in 162 days, the Dinapore at Cork in 117 days, and the Palawan at Cork in 120 days.

The sailing of the steamship City of Chester, hence for San Francisco, has been postponed till Thursday at 4:30 P. M.

The time of sailing of the Ancon for San Francisco has been postponed till 4:30 P. M.

The bark Mountain Laurel hence arrived at Queenstown February 10th, 160 days out. The ship Pactolus hence arrived at the same port on the 12th, 116 days out.

The latest grain charter effected at San Francisco is reported at 51s 6d to Liverpool or 56s 6d to Cork for orders.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—Transactions very limited, the asking price being generally $2 and upward, while buyers seldom offer $1 90 and nothing beyond.

FLOUR—The market has declined to $6 for standard extras, $5 50@6 for best country brands and $4 75@$5 for superfine. Trade is moderately active.

OATS—Receipts light, and prices inclined downward. Common lots for feed purposes 45c; for milling and feed 50@52½c per bushel.

BARLEY—Sales are difficult to make and shipments are entirely off. Quotable nominally at $1 45 for best brewing; feed, $1 25@1 35.

MILL FEED—There is a fair supply and prices are weak at $32 50@35 ℔ ton for middlings, $30@$32 50 for chop, and $20 for bran.

HAY—Moderate receipts are noted with dealers paying $10@11 per ton for best timothy baled, and loose selling from wagons at $8@9.

POTATOES—The current demand is liberally supplied, shippers and commission houses paying 45@50 cts per bushel for good to best varieties.

ONIONS—In fair request only at $1@1 25 per 100 pounds.

LARD—The supply is ample and the market weak at 10@12½ cents ℔ lb.

RIPE APPLES—There is a fair demand for choice varieties for shipment at 90c@$1 per box.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 4@5c; pitless, 10@12c ℔ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 18@22c ℔ lb; brine, 18@20c; choice dairy 20@22½c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ℔ lb. Market quiet.

BACON—Supply large, but generally trade is very dull; shipments being almost entirely off for the present. Jobbers sell at 11@12c for sides, but could hardly afford it for shipments. Hams 12@14c, shoulders dull at 8@9c.

DRIED APPLES—Very dull sale, quotable at 4 [illegible] ℔ lb for sun-dried.

CHICKENS—Moderate receipts are noted and prices steady at $3@4 according to quality.

EGGS—Trade dull with quotations at 20@22½c per dozen and the tendency downward.

WOOL—No change noted in market rates, little being done in the way of transactions.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ℔ lb; on foot, 2@2½c; dressed hogs, 5@5½c ℔ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ℔ head.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 12½@13c ℔ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green, salted, 5@6c; elk, 6@8c ℔ lb; deer, 20@25c ℔ lb for dried, and 50@75 each, green; mink skins, 50@$1 each; otter, $1 each; beaver, 75@$1 15 ℔ lb.

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Fine Walnut

BEDROOM SUITS.

First and Front Streets, between Yamhill and Morrison, Portland.

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South Front Street, between Harrison and Hall.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Quartz and Canning Machinery, Turbine Water Wheels, Iron and Brass Castings, Kettles and Sheet-Iron Work and Iron Railings.

MACHINERY, BOILERS and CASTINGS of all kinds made to order on short notice.

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Incorporated September 14, 1865.

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREET

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Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,

MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mill, Grist Mills, Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.

Agents for the Celebrated MOORE & PARKER WATER WHEEL, cheaper than any first class Wheel.

REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.

Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.

DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.

House Castings, Etc., Etc.

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32 and 34 Front Street, O. S. N. Co's Block

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STOVES, RANGES AND METALS,

Tinmen's & Plumber's Stock. Lead & Iron Pipe

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,

HYDRAULIC RAMS INDIA RUBBER HOSE

House Furnishing Hardware.

BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,

Water Coolers. Ice Cream Freezers,

And the Excelsior Metallic Refrigerator

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN

His Wonderful Success

IN THE TREATMENT OF ALL

Chronic and Private Diseases.

He has astonished the People of this Coast by his skillful Operations.

HE HAS TAUGHT IN HIS

public and private lectures the true principles of health and life to both male and female. He has also warned them against habits that would be likely to produce disease, in plain and comprehensive language. But where he has found them crushed and broken down by disease, mentally and physically, he has restored them to health and happiness, for it is well understood that without health there can be no happiness.

DR. BRENAN

has made a specialty in the treatment of the following diseases: Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the throat and chest, by an entirely new system only known to himself. Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, including Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness or premature loss of Manhood. In the treatment of these diseases he has made a world wide reputation by his astonishing success, not only on this Coast but throughout the whole United States. Diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys as well as all diseases of the blood and skin he has become master of, and never fails to give relief at once, and permanently cures the case if he is applied to in time.

THE DOCTOR HAS GIVEN SPECIAL LECTURES

to ladies only for years and is perfectly familiar with all female complaints, and understands their delicate and refined organization, as well as the proper remedies which should be used to allay their suffering and restore them to perfect health.

THE DOCTOR HAS THIS ADVANTAGE

over most physicians—he can tell the patients' disease the moment he comes in contact with them without any aid from the individual. This accounts in part for his great professional success

All surgical operations can be performed by his skillful hand, and the patient need not fear the result.

DR. BRENAN

will send to those living at a distance and who cannot well visit his office a list of Printed Questions and by the answers when filled out he can tell the disease as well as the proper treatment almost as well as seeing the patient personally, and will forward the proper medicines, or instruments, to any part of the country with full instructions and advice. Each letter requiring advice or list of questions, must contain two postage stamps.

Everything strictly confidential and honorable.

THE DOCTOR

has studied in the best Medical Schools in Europe and three years in the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, as more than one of the Medical men of the Medical Faculty in this State can testify.

CAUTION.

Persons coming to Portland, requiring medical treatment of the proper kind, who desire to consult with me, will please beware of persons who may try to coax them away to other so-called Doctors, through pretended friendship for the patients. Look out for them; they are knaves, prompted by selfish motives and what they can make. Be sure and ask for DR. PAUL M. BRENAN, the *Medical Lecturer*, and read his sign on his door, Room No. 7, Corbett's Block, over O'Connor's Store, corner of Front and Washington streets.

DR. T. G. GLASS,

Cor. of First & Stark Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

CHRONIC DISEASES OF MALES AND FEMALES A SPECIALTY.

EVERLING & BEEBE,

Commission Merchants,

EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

[illegible]

OF ALL KINDS

STAPLE GROCERIES,

FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY,

GRAIN SACKS & TWINE

NO. 27 FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

CITY TAXES.

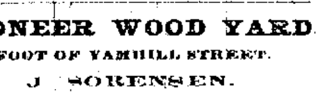
The TAX ROLL for 1878 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 88 First Street, within thirty days from this date, or the same will be returned as delinquent.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 6, 1878.

Attention is called to the following extract from Ordinance No. 1114:

All taxes, licenses, assessments for street improvements, etc., etc., * * * * and all moneys arising from any other source belonging and payable in or into the City Treasury, shall hereafter be paid in gold coin of the United States of America, and not otherwise; *provided*, that sums not exceeding five dollars ($5) may be paid in silver coin. 16d10t



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PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

J. SORENSEN.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, appointed administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Elizabeth D. Snider, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same to me at the office of Catlin & Killin, attorneys at law, in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, state of Oregon, with proper vouchers within six months from this date. HENRY SAXER, Administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of Elizabeth Snider, deceased.

February 1, 1878. 1f2dlaw4tTu

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given that Wm. Burnell, administrator of the estate of Ralph Wilcox, deceased, has filed his final account in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, and that the Judge thereof has fixed February 16, 1878, at the hour of 10 A. M. as the time of hearing objections thereto and the settlement and allowance of the same.

WILLIAM BURNELL,
Administrator.

January 15, 1878. ja16dlaw4tW

State Treasurer's Sixth Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Feb. 15, 1878.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of State Warrants classed and numbered as follows:

Warrants of old issue payable from special tax, endorsed prior to Sept 11, 1874; viz: Nos. 515, 517, 518, 519, 526, 527, 529, 535, 540, 541, 530, 531, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 553, 553, 555, 556, 557, 554, 534, 561, 562, 564, 565, 566, 568, 571, 572, 574, 580, 581.

Warrants of new issue—Nos. 1312, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1339, 1311, 1319, 1313, 1333, 1348, 1340, 1316, 1309, 1235, 1313, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1341, 1357, 1360, 1362, 1361, 1367, 1179, 1372, 1371, 1370, 1373, 1362, 1374, 1375, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1395, 1400, 1401, 1411, 1412, 1415, 1414, 1416, 1419, 1422, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1432, 1451.

Interest on these warrants will cease after the 16th instant.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

f16d15w

State Treasurer's Fifth Notice.

STATE OF OREGON,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, February 4, 1878.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of State Warrants classed and numbered as follows:

Warrants of old issue payable from special tax, endorsed prior to Sept 11, 1874; Nos. [illegible]

Warrants payable from general fund, indorsed since Sept 11, 1876 viz: Nos. [illegible] and 1811.

Interest on the above Warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

f5d3w

BANKS.

Bank of British North America

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

PAID UP CAPITAL . . $5,000,000.

Head Office—London, England.

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IRELAND—Provincial Bank of Ireland. National Bank Ireland.
WALES—West of England and South Wales Bank.
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PARIS, France—Marcuard Andre & Cie.

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold, Bills discounted and collected. Loans made. Moneys received on special deposit, or on Current account, subject to check. Commercial Credits granted, and a general Banking business transacted.

J. GOODFELLOW, Agent.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK.

(LIMITED)

Office in Portland,

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING,

32 First street.

President of Scottish Board of Directors,
ALEXANDER GOURLAY, Esq., Shipbuilder, Dundee.

Head Office, 27 Bank st., Dundee.

President of Oregon Board of Directors,
DONALD MACLEAY, Esq. (of Corbitt & Macleay.)

Managing Director,
WILLIAM REID, Esq., Portland.

This Savings Bank receives deposits not only from the industrial and farming classes of Oregon but also from Scotland, for the purpose of safely investing the same (along with its capital) principally on Real Estate Mortgages secured over improved Farms and Portland City Properties, and to assist its Depositors and others in the erection of Buildings and Improvements within the State.

Loans made on Real Estate, 10 per cent.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

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Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

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PARIS. BERLIN.
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

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Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

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MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND..........Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND........British Linen Company.
ENGLAND.........National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL.......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

W. W. FRANCIS, Acting Manager.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President........................HENRY FAILING.
Cashier...........................JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight.

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SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

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All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order

Furniture Repaired.

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UNDERTAKER,

And Dealer in Undertakers' Goods,

77 Second St., bet. Washington and Stark

Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 194.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Whereas on the 22d day of January, 1878, an order and judgment of the District Court of the United States for the district of Oregon, in the matter of J. H. Fairchilds, George Fairchilds, John E. Peterson, and L. Shogren, bankrupts, upon the petition of the undersigned, assignee of the estate of said bankrupts, was duly made and entered of record authorizing and directing the undersigned as assignee to sell all the following described real estate belonging to the estate of said J. H. Fairchilds, George Fairchilds, John E. Peterson and L. Shogren, Bankrupts, free from all the liens existing thereon; and that such liens be transferred to the fund arising from such sale to wit: Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) in section No twenty-seven (27) in township No eleven (11) south of range No. eleven (11) west Willamette meridian, situate and being in Benton county in the State of Oregon, together with the Saw Mill, machinery and fixtures thereon, with the appurtenances, in pursuance of said order and by virtue of the authority in me vested as assignee, now therefore I the undersigned assignee aforesaid do hereby give notice that on Wednesday, the 20th day of February, 1878, at the hour of one o'clock P. M., of said day, I will proceed to sell at public auction at the court house door in Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, all of the said hereinbefore described real property, to the highest bidder for U. S. gold. Twenty per cent. thereof to be paid at time of sale and the balance immediately upon confirmation of sale. Deed to be at the expense of purchaser. EMMONS ARNOLD, Assignee.

Portland, Jan. 28, 1878. ja29d1aw3tTu

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTCY.—In U. S. District Court, District of Oregon. In the matter of Joseph Davidson, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said court there will be held on the 14th day of February, 1878, at two o'clock P. M., at Portland, Oregon, [illegible] at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, at which time and place I shall also lay final accounts as assignee of the estate of Joseph Davidson, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of section 5095 of the U. S. revised statutes.

Jan. 21, 1878. E. ARNOLD, Assignee.

ja22d1aw3tTu

OCEAN STEAMERS.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

For San Francisco, Direct.

Carrying the United States Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

PASSAGE AT REDUCED RATES.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID A 1 Iron Steamship

CITY OF CHESTER,

P. MACKIE.....................Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1878,

At 4:30 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

NEW LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN

SAN FRANCISCO AND PORTLAND.

THE P. C. S. S. CO.

WILL HEREAFTER RUN A LINE OF STEAMers regularly between

SAN FRANCISCO AND PORTLAND.

THE FAST AND FAVORITE STEAMSHIP

ANCON,

DEBNEY.....................COMMANDER

Will leave Portland for San Francisco on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1878,

At 4:30 o'clock P. M. sharp.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATIONS UNSURPASS'D

For Passage and Freights apply to

J. McCRAKEN & CO., Agents.

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CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN......................Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf foot of F street for the above ports on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1878,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA TACOMA.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers leave Portland per steamer BONITA on

SATURDAY, FEB. 16, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco

Cabin ....$25 00 | Steerage.........$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View, Skomockaway and Brookfield—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

July 9, 1877. S. G. REED, Vice President.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER "ANNIE FAXON" WILL leave CELILO for WALLULA on TUESDAY, 29th inst. and will make two trips per week until further notice, unless prevented by ice or low stage of water.

Passengers leaving Portland on Mondays or Fridays will connect through to Wallula.

Freight received on Company's wharf at Portland from and after date.

S. G. REED, Vice President.

Portland, Jan. 24, 1878. tf

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

FOR SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS, and intermediate points—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Ash sts.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

FOR CORVALLIS.

Steamer CITY OF SALEM

Will leave Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon street, for

Salem, Albany, Corvallis,

And all intermediate points on Willamette river,

ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

Each week, at 6 A. M.

U. B. SCOTT & CO.

Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

The People's Protective Transportation Company's Steamers

Will leave Smith's Wharf hereafter as follows:

S. T. Church—Monday and Thursday, of each week, at 6 o'clock A. M., for Corvallis and intermediate points.

McMinnville—Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week, at 6 o'clock A. M., for Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville.

For rates apply at the dock or on board.

G. O. T. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER.

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

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IRON WORKS

44 Front St., bet. Pine and Oak,

MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Made to order at short notice.

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Promptly attended to by experienced workmen.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC

SHEEP WASH,

$2 Per Gallon.

After Dipping the Sheep, is useful for Preserving Wet Hides, Destroying the Vine Pest, and for Disinfecting Purposes, etc. T. W. JACKSON, San Francisco, Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.

f21dly R. IRVING & Co. Agents, Portland.

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Oregon & California

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12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY)

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LEAVE.
Portland.......7:30 A. M. | Roseburg
Roseburg.......5:00 A. M. | Portland

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.
Portland.........3:50 P. M. | Albany
Albany...........5:30 A. M. | Portland

FREIGHT TRAIN

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

LEAVE.
Portland.........6:15 A. M. | Junction
Junction.........5:45 A. M. | Portland

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Tickets for Sale to all the principal California and the East, at Company

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PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight Warehouse over 24 hours.

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Northern Pacific

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KALAMA TO TACOMA

AND

TACOMA TO WILKESON

(Coal Mines.)

MAIN LINE TRAINS

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE.
Kalama.........11:20 A. M. Tacoma
Tacoma.........7:00 A. M. Kalama

Puyallup Road

LEAVE
Tacoma.........6:45 A. M. Wilkeson
Wilkeson.......3:30 P. M. Tacoma

CONNECTIONS

At Tacoma with Pacific Mail Victoria and San Francisco, Steamers for Seattle, Steilacoom, points on Puget Sound.

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At Tenino with stages for Olympia

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co. land and all points on Columbia

At Portland on Wednesday and A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Nanaimo, New Westminster and

Through Tickets for sale at Principal the Company, and at the Office of in Portland, Oregon, to Victoria via P. M. S. S. Co's steamships O. S. S. Co. and P. C. S. S. Co's Portland to San Francisco.

Through Tickets to Portland, Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and Tenino

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Seminal Emissions, the consequence This solitary vice, or depraved practiced by the youth of both sexes unlimited extent, producing with it, the following train of morbid combatted by scientific medical low countenance, dark spots under the head, ringing in the ears, noise of leaves and rattling of chariots, the loins, weakness of the limbs, blunted intellect, loss of confidence approaching strangers, a dislike quaintances, disposition to shun memory, hectic flushes, pimples tions about the face, furred coughs, consumption, night sweats, frequent insanity.

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[illegible] N. Day.............Dayton	
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PORTLAND.

VOL. XVIII.—NO. 15.

GENERAL NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.

Lively Hazing.

NEW YORK, Feb 19.—A serious affray occurred last night in Princeton (N. J.) College between the sophomores and eight freshmen in which one of the sophomores was dangerously shot. The sophomores' room was entered by freshmen who bound the sophomores to chairs, shaved their heads and left them tied. Other sophomores followed the freshmen. Shots were exchanged and Atterbury, of the sophomore class, was wounded in the thigh. Great excitement prevails.

Released on Bail.

NEW YORK, Feb 19.—Robert L. Case, the convicted president of the Security Life Insurance Company, has been released from the Tombs on $5,000 bail, pending issue of the argument for a stay of proceedings.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Silver bars, 119; greenbacks, 117½; gold; silver coin, 2@1½ discount; gold closed 1½; money easy, 4@5; Governments quiet; stocks steady; W. U. 76½; Quicksilver, 17½; Pacific, 23½; Mariposa, 1½; Wells Fargo, 84½; N. Y. C., 105½; Erie, 9½; Panama, 130; Union Pacific, 104½.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Pro-Chinese Arguments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The house committee on education and labor to-day listened to the second installment of Jos. P. Kennedy's written argument on the Chinese question. It was much more lively and interesting than the first portion and displayed considerable literary ability and ingenuity. He commenced by grouping and contrasting a number of statements which he asserted could be found in the argumentative report of the congressional investigating committee. Thus he said it appeared that Chinamen were shiftless yet took wealth from this country. They were a dishonest people, and nevertheless Chinese merchants enjoyed better credit in San Francisco than Americans. Their habits were filthy and dangerous to health, yet they did more work than white laborers. He then took up the address of the committee of the California state senate and claimed that it also abounded in paradoxes. Thus it appeared, said he, that John Chinaman is a slight, fragile being, debased by numerous vices, yet the Anglo Saxon cannot cope with him. He works for nothing but has sent $180,000,000 to China. He adds nothing to the wealth of the country but supplies labor for the great state of California. He ought to be expelled but this would derange industrial pursuits. His habits are such as to make people loathe him, yet he is received into almost every family as a domestic servant. Kennedy next stated that although the Chinese in California have paid large amounts for poll taxes and mining licenses, no Chinese children are allowed to enter the public schools.

Representative Luttrel challenged this statement as untrue, and said the public schools were open for all children of suitable age.

Kennedy—I say there are 3,000 Chinese children in San Francisco, and it is very strange they are attending private schools if public schools are open to them.

Davis, Page and Wigginton also denied the correctness of Kennedy's assertion, but he said he would at the next meeting prove it, although Davis doubted if there are 1,000 Chinese in the state under 16 years of age, and Wigginton did not believe that there were more than 3,000 under 21 years. Kennedy then entered upon an extended eulogism upon the Chinese mental capacity and moral characteristics, described the pure civil service policy of China, and quoted testimony commendatory of Chinese merchants which he claimed was equally as applicable to humbler classes; said that Col. Bee considered Mongolian immigrants the peers of any that came to our shores, and supplemented Bee's opinion by sarcastically remarking that Chinamen are not Sabbath breakers, criminals, paupers, ballot box stuffers, Mollie Maguires, or conspirators against public schools, nor do they claim two-thirds of the public offices. He then read from the San Francisco *Chronicle* a statement that on a certain day two Chinamen had been sentenced in the police court for some crime and six white persons had committed assaults on inoffensive Chinamen. This he intimated was a fair sample, and proceeded to ask, with reference to the argument of non-assimilation, what people would assimilate with neighbors that stone them whenever they put a foot out of doors. The Chinese would assimilate with our people if they were kindly treated, but the tendency to assimilate would undoubtedly draw down upon them greater hatred. Kennedy thereupon very sophistically referred to duties in Pennsylvania, and the Mennonites and Shakers are examples of communities or sects of people who had not greatly assimilated with their surroundings for two or more generations. He knew Swiss who had worn blouses for half a century and it was rather to the credit of Chinamen that they had not hastened to change their attire, for their clothes were more sensible than ours. He also referred to an alleged denunciation by Archbishop Alemany of marriages of Catholics to persons of any other faith and spoke of similar restrictions imposed upon Hebrews. Furthermore, said he, do the nuns; do the priests assimilate? Judging from Peru, he added, the Chinese are not more disinclined to assimilate than many of those who had made this charge against them. Place them upon an equality with white men and negroes and see if they will not assimilate. During the remainder of the time occupied by him to-day he cited numerous newspaper articles to show that white men went to California just like Chinamen to make money. Mongolian infanticide and other secret crimes are paralleled by equal atrocities in or near Washington and other eastern cities. He wound up by reading a description of a scene in the San Francisco mission church of the baptism of nine adult Mongolians, followed by sacramental services in which fifty Chinese Christians participated.

The chairman at this point informed Mr. Kennedy that the committee would hear the conclusion of his argument at another meeting, but before adjournment the following colloquy took place:

Congressman Page—I would like to ask Mr. Kennedy a question. Are you here as an attorney of the Chinese six companies?

Kennedy—Well, sir, I appear as a representative of the interests of the Chinese in California, and I believe I also represent the agricultural interests of that state.

Page—Have you ever lived there?

Kennedy—No, never; neither did Robertson, who wrote the history of America, ever live on this continent.

Luttrell—Have you been employed to represent the Chinese?

Kennedy—Yes, but I have never been paid, nor do I expect to be paid, except by the reward of a good conscience.

The committee then adjourned till Thursday, when the California representatives will be given an opportunity to reply.

Committee Appointed to Consider the McGarrahan Claim.

Messrs. Hewitt, Gause of Arkansas, Wigginton of California, Clapp of Iowa and Ketcham of New York, have been appointed by the house a committee to report on the McGarrahan petition for an act of congress to cure the defect [illegible] by the supreme court in the record of his alleged patent for Rancho Panoche Grande, conveying the New Idria quicksilver mines. The said committee have already [illegible] hearing arguments of ex-Congressman Jeremiah Wilson and Robert G. Ingersoll who appeared for McGarrahan.

California Resolutions Presented.

Representative Davis to-day presented the resolution of the California legislature against subsidies to steamships engaged in the China trade, and asking a grant for the proceeds of sales of public lands in California for purposes of irrigation and protection against mining debris.

Luttrell introduced a bill for the improvement of the harbor at Crescent City.